MEDICAL.

LECTIC DISPENSARY
LYING-IN ROOMS.
shington and Second Streets.
DENCE ON SECOND

To Sufferers!
ESTABLISHMENT HAS BEEN
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other ailments successfully treated
are dragging out a life of misery
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ases per letter to the sex and age
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al FEMALE REGULATOR PILLS
to any address on receipt of $5 per
and safe in all cases
ds to free of charges. All communi-
confidential. Office hours 9 A M
DR C G GLASS

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EDIES! NEW REMEDIES!
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NEAR COMMERCIAL,
San Francisco. Established 18
Best for the treatment of sexual
and scminal Diseases, such as
Gonorrhœa (clap), Stricture,
syphilis in all its forms, Seminal
Weakness, Impotency etc. Also
Diseases of years standing and
Ulcerated Legs successfully treated.

has the pleasure of announcing that
from visiting the principal Hospi-
and has resumed practice at his
arney street, corner of Commercial,
where his old patients and those re-
fees may find him
s spared neither time nor money in
w remedies, and has returned with
dies for the alleviation of human suf-

Horrible Diseases.
housands of persons, both male and
e who are suffering out a miserable
the effects of secret indulgences, or
ired into the system. Look at their
ed and disfigured faces and their
constitutions, disqualifying them for
of marriage or the enjoyment of life.
situation thousands suffer until death
. Let parents, guardians, friends, a-
who are suffering with any of these
estroying maladies—see that they are
ured before it be too late. Send them
DR. GIBBON, a physician who has
diseases his especial study for years,
ain to cure the most inveterate case.
ry or any injurious drugs. It is im-
s who are afflicted, or those who
in the welfare of their friends, to be
many pretended doctors who infest
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Be therefore careful and make strict
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Sexual Weakness.
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ent, producing with unerring certain-
ing train of morbid symptoms, unfit
for the mental or married state, viz: dull-
ce, dark spots under the eyes, pain in
ring in the ears, noise like the rustling
rattling of chariots, uneasiness about
kness of the limbs, confused vision,
ject, loss of confidence, diffidence in
ociety, a dislike to form new ac-
disposition to shun society, loss of
dic flushes, pimples and various erup-
the face, foul tongue, fetid breath,
umption, night sweats, mnemonia and
nity. If relief be not obtained, should
fatally, either in person or by letter, and
ffected by his new and scientific mode
disease, which never fails of effect-
nd radical cure. Dr. G. will give One
llars to any person who will prove to
him that he was cured of this com-
er of the San Francisco quacks

Married Men,
contemplate marriage, who are suffer-
of the awful malady, should not
ond his inability resting upon them,
ain immediate relief.
N is impossible, and will give to each
ten instrument, binding himself to
l and permanent cure, or make no

Cured at Home.
fference may be CURED AT HOME.
by a letter to Dr. Gibbon, stating case,
of time the disease has continued.
promptly forwarded, free from
riosity, to any part of the country.
plain directions. By inclosing Ten
in a registered letter the Medicine
gh Wells, Fargo & Co., a supply of
ll be forwarded to any part of the
press-unications strictly confidential.

Letter to the Unfortunate.
the San Francisco quacks and pre-
with bogus sworn-to certificates, that
Some of the self-styled doctors, whose
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San Francisco and other places as
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imposition is to make inquiry—it will
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, there is no safety in trusting any of
n know who and what they are. Do
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ill satisfy persons who may call at his
bility to treat diseases that he professes

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ial, San Francisco, Postoffice Box 1,957.
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tations FREE.
ondents will please inform DR. GIB-
y read his advertisement in the Daily
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GOLDEN BALSAME!
After ten years' trial on this Coast has
ed the only curative in the
conquered by medi
curable.
Richan's GOLDEN BALSAM No. 2
and second
or Body: Sore Ears, Eyes,
Blotches, Syphilitic Catarrh,
Scalp, and all primary
down as Syphilis. Price, $5 per bot-
to for $9.
Richan's GOLDEN BALSAM No. 3
tary, Mercurial, Syphilitic
as in the Bones, Back or
ces Throat, Syphilitic
Cords, Stiffness of the
all diseases from the
caused by indiscretion
leaving the blood pure
per bottle, or two for $5.
Richan's GOLDEN SPANISH AI-
the Cure of Gonnorhœa,
travel, and all Urinary
ents. Price, $2.50 per
ter to the Unfortunate.
the San Francisco quacks and pre-
with bogus sworn-to certificates, that
Some of the self-styled doctors, whose
be found in the daily and
San Francisco and other places as
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n know who and what they are. Do
ot deceive people by exhibiting bogus
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ill satisfy persons who may call at his
bility to treat diseases that he professes

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Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XIII.—NO. 146. PORTLAND, OREGON: FRIDAY, JULY 25, 1873. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

FOREIGN NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.

The Goodrich Murder.

New York, July 23.—A suit has been brought against Ljerie King, alias Kate Stoddard, the object of which is to foreclose a mortgage on one of the Goodrich houses in Degraw street, Brooklyn. Miss King, alias Stoddard, is a party to cover any rights she may have in the premises as the widow of Chas. Goodrich. Where the papers were received and it was explained to the prisoner that the object was to cut off her claim to any property, she said she had no desire to get a dollar out of the Goodrich estate, nor did she intend to keep anything; but that she desired to keep certain trinkets which he presented her with, and which she says are now in her father's possession.

The Fifteenth Amendment.

New Haven, July 23.—At the trial of Glioni, Italians from New York and other [illegible] were present. Four boys [illegible] been in the country [illegible] and had been kept in the [illegible] in New York until brought [illegible] weeks ago; that they were kicked unless they brought [illegible] night, and told by Glioni could not earn any money. They were also told by Glioni that their passports would be fined, and they would be arrested by the police if they ran away; and that they had a right to hold them. They all said they would be glad to be free, if law [illegible] freedom and protect them from [illegible]. The contracts under which the boys were translated [illegible] the Court, and it appears that [illegible] had been sold to him by their [illegible] four or five years, at an average [illegible] twenty dollars per year. The Court [illegible] that Glioni was guilty of inhuman [illegible], with intent to keep them in a state of servitude, against their will, and [illegible] bonds to furnish bonds in the sum of $4,000, for his appearance before the [illegible] Jury, in October. Failing to furnish the [illegible] committed to jail. The boys will be taken charge of by the city authorities [illegible].

New Haven, July 24.—Four Italian slave children [illegible] in the State Reform School [illegible] the trial of Glione.

Murder.

Wyoming Pa., July 23.—Isabella McBride, [illegible] was brutally murdered last [illegible] being shot through the head. Her husband, [illegible] McBride, was knocked down with a [illegible]. He received severe cuts in the head, and [illegible] and this afternoon, was lying on the floor [illegible] weltering in his blood, but living. The [illegible] lived alone, and were [illegible] a sum of money. Thirty [illegible] found in the house. There is no [illegible] murderer.

[illegible] Attorney General has [illegible] a pardon in the case of J[illegible] who, sentenced to be hung [illegible], on Thursday, for the murder of [illegible] Folsom, last August, by a pick.

[illegible] Constitution.

[illegible] Mrs. E. N. Thayer, [illegible] widow of E. N. Thayer, [illegible] Atlantic city.

[illegible] J. Wesley Hill, a well [illegible] yesterday of abscess [illegible].

[illegible] schooner *Nellie J.* [illegible] arrived to-day [illegible] fever during the [illegible] one man are now [illegible].

[illegible] P. Hale Dead.

[illegible] P. Hale's surgeon [illegible] to attempt to set his [illegible] if the can recover.

[illegible] Case.

[illegible] Clark of the survivors [illegible] has brought [illegible] for $100,000, claiming [illegible] bled for life by reason of [illegible].

[illegible] Murder.

[illegible] effort is being made [illegible] Wm. J. Sharkey, who is sentenced on the 15th of August [illegible] he will secure a stay of proceedings [illegible] Judge of the Supreme Court [illegible] who will listen to the argument. Gov. Dix has been appealed to for Executive [illegible], but every effort in that direction has failed to elicit a response.

[illegible] Wallworth at Sing Sing.

The Warden of Sing Sing prison gives a [illegible] of the [illegible] tional stories recently published of [illegible] favors being granted the convict Wallworth. He says, "Wallworth is treated just the same as other prisoners. When it [illegible] time he was coming, application [illegible] side by those having [illegible] age of the [illegible] as they wanted a pain in their office who [illegible] not a thief. I sent Wallworth. He has [illegible] his mother three [illegible]. He only [illegible] the same as the [illegible] and he has [illegible] no better treatment or [illegible] than any of the other prisoners.

[illegible] & S. Hatters.

New York, July 24.—A fresh batch of rumors [illegible] in reference to the Pacific [illegible] Company, one being that [illegible] the loan of $700,000 on the Comstock [illegible] in San Francisco were off, and [illegible] being. A lawyer to whom [illegible] the matter of the General [illegible] work on the Company's entire property [illegible] his opinion to-day, when the [illegible] will meet to take action.

[illegible] Honors.

[illegible] July 24.—Mr. Lees, of the firm of [illegible] & Waller, 33 Pine street, died this [illegible] morning.

[illegible] of demolishing objectionable [illegible] in Washington Market was commenced [illegible] by 150 laborers protected by [illegible] number of policemen. The market [illegible] whorehood will then be disinfected, [illegible] who seek the extradition of Carl [illegible] the alleged Belgian murderer, intend, it [illegible] to apply for a mandamus from the U. S. [illegible] to compel the question whether an attorney [illegible] be a prisoner after a Judge's [illegible]. If this will not hold, they will [illegible] a civil order of arrest from the [illegible] Canada, so that he shall not escape.

THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Earthquake in North Italy.

New York, July 24.—A correspondent [illegible] that the recent earthquake in Northern [illegible] of the earthquake at [illegible] Forlato, were terrible. [illegible] St. Peter, patron saint of the [illegible] church was gaily decorated and [illegible] with worshippers, when, without a [illegible] warning, an undulation swept beneath the [illegible] and down came the roof and [illegible] of the church building on its living congregation. Those nearest the door were able to escape, but of the remainder thirty-eight were killed, [illegible] fifteen men and twenty women, and [illegible] number severely hurt. The priest officiating had his arm broken, but others assisted him [illegible]. The entire village was covered with [illegible] and falling houses.

Slavery Abolished in Khiva.

St. Petersburg, July 24.—A dispatch from Khiva says a decree was issued by the Khan on the 26th of June, abolishing slavery throughout his dominion. It provides that all persons held in bondage shall be made citizens and returned to their native countries.

MEXICO.

Capture of Lozada.

Vera Cruz, July 23.—A dispatch from Tamaroas says an official telegram from Gen. [illegible], military commander of this city, dated 2 p.m., 17th inst., announces the complete defeat of the revolutionists in the State of Puebla, and the capture of the famous chieftain Lozada, who had for the last fifteen years refused to submit to the authority of the Federal Government, and has headed a band of malcontents in armed hostility nearly all the time.

Important Decision of a Mexican Court.

NEW ORLEANS, July 24.—The Matamoras Federal District Court has pronounced an important decision favorable to the importers of merchandise from foreign countries, in denying the right of the Government to collect a duty of one-half per cent. per pound on goods into the Zecha Libra. This decision is based upon provisions of the new tariff law, and was made on the protest of the Matamoras merchants, against the exactions of this duty by customs, which the officials had persisted in collecting. Although the former tariff, under which it was previously imposed, had been repealed, the effect of the decision will be to extend the privilege under Zecora Libra, and is applicable throughout the Free Belt.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

Arrival of the Tigress at St. Johns.

ST. JOHNS, July 23.—The steamer *Tigress*, in search of the *Polaris*, arrived here this morning. She will remain a day or two to coal. All are well.

UTAH.

SALT LAKE, July 24.—A frightful tragedy occurred at North Brigham Canyon this afternoon. A rancher, named Colton, and his two sons, were killed by another rancher, named Butcher, with a rifle. It was caused, probably, by an old feud. The remains of the deceased were carried home by the widow and daughter in a lumber wagon. Great excitement exists in Brigham over the affair. It is not known whether Butcher has been arrested or not.

To-day has been generally observed as the anniversary of the Mormon pioneers coming into this valley in 1847, under Brigham Young. The celebration at Ogden was extensive; here it was confined to flags and holiday rades

One thousand Mormon emigrants have arrived from Europe in good health.

H. M. Garvey, formerly of Louisiana and Iowa, who was killed by Sullivan on Tuesday, was buried by the Odd Fellows to-day. It was a large funeral.

CALIFORNIA.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24.—The Democratic Convention last night nominated Capt. C. M. McDonald of the Pacific Bank for Mayor, and adjourned till next Monday.

Albert Garnier, the great billiard player, starts from New York for this city to-day with Delaney. He will give three exhibitions here.

The Women Suffragists of this city have formed a league to resist the payment of taxes till such time as they have the ballot in their hands. A committee of three was appointed to advise with lawyers as to the best method of carrying on the rebellion.

Two boys, pupils of the High School, quarreled about a girl, and disdaining to fight with fists, repaired to a convenient place and fought a duel with knives. One of the combatants was severely wounded in the face. "What shall we do with our boys?"

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24.—Governor Booth has pardoned Timothy J. Crowley, who killed George W. Knight last winter, and was convicted of manslaughter.

Charles Sutton has commenced in this city the manufacture of water-proof hats and clothing, employing twenty-five persons. This is an entirely new local industry.

The number of voters registered in this city up to June 30th is 42,642.

Spooner Sanford is reported this afternoon to be in a very critical condition. Bailey remains in prison, awaiting the result of Sanford's injuries.

Gov. Booth has not yet signified whether he will grant or refuse the commutation of the sentence of Chas. A. Russell.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24.—Chas. A. Russell appears to have given up all hope of any exercise of executive clemency in his behalf. He repudiates all ideas of suicide, and expresses his determination to meet death with Christian fortitude. A few friends who were admitted to see him to-day, found him in a very cheerful mood. He has a father and a mother residing in New York. He has not informed them of his terrible fate. He says they are under the impression that he is in the Sandwich Islands. Reverends Montgomery and Carpenter are his attendants. It is reported that another Presbyterian minister of New York arrived to-night to make personal intercession with the Governor to spare Russell's life. No scaffold was erected to-day, but if necessary to-morrow it can be put together in a very short time.

The Tax-Payers' Convention is in secret session to-night.

The new Clay street railway will be put in operation next week.

The city was very quiet to-day; not an arrest above the grade of assault and battery.

Mayor Alvord has signed the ordinance providing for a chain gang.

The work on the new opera house on Mission street, near Third, has been commenced.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24.—Jane Corbett, a young woman 24 years of age, was arrested this evening on a charge of felony in refusing to support her four children, the oldest of whom is six years, and the youngest at the breast. She says she don't see the use of raising any more brats.

S. Mitchell, on going home to-night, was informed by his daughter, aged six years, that her mother and a man named Rule were in the bedroom together, and in bed. He discovered this to be true, and ordered Rule to open the window. Rule refused, but got out of the window went for an officer, and had Mitchell arrested for using threatening language.

John Oakum alias O'Neil has been arrested for knocking a man down on Beale street and robbing him of a watch, money and clothing.

Officer Duffield brought down Wrang Ah Fong from Sacramento to-night. He is accused of stealing $600 worth of goods from a Chinese pawn shop. Chinese merchants there say Wrang is a Hongkong thief, and has been punished there. This is the third offence. He stands a good show for San Quintin for life.

Sanford, who was shot by Ballou, is in a more favorable condition to-night, though he is not yet out of danger.

Sheriff Adams has received information from semi-official sources that Gov Booth will not interfere in Russell's case. He will erect the gallows to-morrow morning.

It is rumored on the street to-night that Mayor Alvord has accepted the re-nomination for Mayor.

Jules Greenwood, residing at 1513 Jackson street, committed suicide by shooting himself through the brain with a Sharp's derringer. In Wallace Everson's office, at 10 o'clock to-night. He was about 23 years of age, respectably connected. No cause is assigned for the rash act.

Interior California.

DOWNIEVILLE, July 23.—Mrs. Warner, wife of Wm Warner, with the Parisian circus, committed suicide at Sierra City last night by taking strychnine. Cause, domestic trouble.

SANTA BARBARA, July 24. The weather is uncomfortably warm, owing to a large fire in the mountains, which has been raging for the past two days.

LOS ANGELES, July 24.—A gang of loafers made a raid on the Chinese English school last night and pelted the windows with stones, one of which hit a teacher, Miss Belle Swift. One or two of the teachers received slight injuries.

The Buel and Bateman hydraulic claims are running night and day in San Gabriel Canyon. Miners at work above are reported as doing well.

M. J. Banks shot a Mexican named Domingo Ayala in a quarrel about Government land. The ball passed through his arm and body, inflicting a dangerous wound. Banks was arrested.

The warm weather proves beneficial in helping forward the already late grape crop.

SAN DIEGO, July 24.—The Republican County Convention met to-day, with every precinct represented. Booth resolutions were voted down. The Legislative nominee was endorsed. The nominations are as follows: Assembly, W W Bowers; Sheriff, E W Bushyhead; Clerk, A S Grant; Treasurer, C B Culver; District Attorney, L T Phillips. The Convention was harmonious throughout. The best citizens of the county were sent as delegates.

STOCKTON, July 24.—The First National Gold Bank of this city received to-day from the Comptroller of the Currency $40,000, which places the circulation now at $240,000. An additional lot of $80,000 is expected to arrive next week.

In the matter of the application of the Central Pacific Railroad Company for a reduction of assessment the Board of Equalization is engaged to-day taking testimony. The evidence will be voluminous. Several days will elapse before a decision will be had in the case.

A man named Hutchinson was arrested here last evening on the suspicion of being concerned in a serious crime at Napa City. Telegrams received here by the Chief of Police from the Sheriff of that county instruct him to hold the prisoner. The exact nature of the offense has not transpired.

VALLEJO, July 24.—The Great Council of Red Men convened at 8 o'clock this evening. A resolution to invest $1,000 in Red Men Hall stock in San Francisco, was laid on the table. A resolution was introduced, and passed, that the Great Council of Red Men hold their next annual session at Redwood City.

SANTA ROSA, July 24.—The Democratic County Convention assembled and nominated candidates for Legislative and county offices.

BY STATE TELEGRAPH.

Burglary in Albany.

ALBANY, July 24.—The drug store of A. Carothers & Co. was robbed last night by burglars, who effected an entrance by moving bricks from the wall under the window sufficiently to reach up under and unbolt the iron door of the window, making an easy entrance. Only twenty or thirty dollars in money were taken, and a box of cigars. This was notwithstanding the fact that the police force was doubled last night and extra precautions taken to guard against burglary. It is supposed to be the same parties who have been operating at Salem and other towns down the valley.

VERMONT'S STATUE OF ETHAN ALLEN.

The monument to Ethan Allen in Green Mount Cemetery, Burlington, which was formally dedicated on the 4th inst., was erected by the State of Vermont, by authority of an act of the Legislature, passed in 1855, which appropriated $3,000 for that purpose. The *Free Press* gives this description of it: It is of Barre granite. The base of the pedestal is eight feet square on the ground, and consists of two steps of granite, on which set in a block of granite six feet square, are four panels of white marble, bearing the following inscription:

ON THE WEST FRONT.

Vermont to ETHAN ALLEN. Born in Litchfield, Conn., 10th of January, 1737, O. S. Died in Burlington, Vt., 12th February, 1789, and buried near the site of this monument.

ON THE NORTH SIDE.

Wielding the pen as well as the sword, he was the sagacious and intrepid defender of the New Hampshire Grants, and master spirit in the arduous struggle which resulted in the sovereignity and independence of this State.

ON THE SOUTH.

The leader of the Green Mountain Boys in the surprise and capture of Ticonderoga, which he demanded in the name of the Great Jehovah and the Continental Congress.

ON THE EAST.

Taken prisoner in a daring attack on Montreal, and transported to England, he disarmed the purpose of his enemy by the respect which he inspired for the rebellion and the rebel.

Above this pedestal rises a Tuscan shaft of granite four and a half feet in diameter and forty-two feet high. Upon its capital, on a base bearing the word "Ticonderoga," stands a heroic statue of Allen, eight feet four inches long, modeled by Peter Stephenson, sculptor, of Boston, now deceased, and cut in Italy. The left hand of the figure is lifted high in the act of summoning the surrender of Ticonderoga. The right grasps the sword, while at the feet a military mortar characterizes the act as one of civilized warfare. The expression of the face is noble, and the attitude lifelike and striking. The monument is protected by an iron fence of original design, the corner posts of which are cannon and the railing of muskets, resting on a base of cut granite.

The moderate cost of this memorial is as remarkable as is its general good taste and appropriateness, the entire cost, including statue, column and fence, having been less than $6,000.

PERSONAL NOTES.

The Right Honorable Richard Bethel of Westburg, died on the 20th inst.

Special Agent Jaynes says the suit against Duden, Freres & Co. is for $102,000.

The Bishop of Winchester was almost instantly killed on the 20th inst., by a fall from his horse.

Buckley, the contractor, on the Eastport and Bangor Railroad, has absconded with funds entrusted to him to pay employes.

The *Gazette* announces that Queen Victoria has given her consent to the marriage of Prince Alfred and Grand Duchess Marie Alexandrovna.

The friends of Edward Miall, founder and editor of the *Non-Conformist*, gave him a reception at the Crystal Palace, London, on the evening of the 18th, and presented him with a testimonial purse of $90,000.

Judge Blatchford, of New York, has decided that informers in Internal Revenue cases have not had, since the 1st of last August, any legal claim to moities of proceeds in cases on which they have given information.

Thomas Dudley, First Assistant Superintendent of the Eastern Lunatic Asylum, Kentucky, committed suicide on the 18th inst with morphine. It is believed that he became insane through intense application to his duties.

In the British House of Commons, on the 18th inst, Mr. Rylands gave notice that when the civil service estimates came up for consideration, he should move to throw out the appropriation for building a house for the British Legation at Washington.

The Cure of Santa Cruz having escaped into France, the Spanish Government, through its Charge d'Affairs, made application for his extradition as a common criminal. President MacMahon has refused the demand, on the ground that the case does not come under the provisions of the extradition treaty.

A Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial* writes a very readable letter on the passion of the scholarly Massachusetts Senator for books, and tells some wonderful stories of the Senator's indigence. He says:

But, after all, Mr. Sumner's reading, extensive as it is, is only play and recreation, compared with other occupations that engage his time and strength. The publication of his complete works, now being prosecuted by Messrs. Lee & Shepard, of Boston, imposes upon him the onerous task of keeping the printer supplied with copy, and, at the present moment, he is pushing this part of his work and preparing copy in advance, in order that he may be free during the remainder of the summer. It was supposed when the publication was first designed, that it would be complete in seven or eight volumes, but already eleven volumes have been issued, and barely half of the more important speeches and papers have yet appeared; so that the whole work, when finished, will probably embrace some fourteen volumes.

THAT FAMOUS "S. C. OR BEARER" CHECK.

Amongst may be found the full text of the letter of Capt. John F. Drew to Senator Luke M. Poland, explaining one of the dark features in the Credit Mobilier scandal.

[Copy.]

BURLINGTON, Vt., June 23, 1873.

Hon. Luke M. Poland, M. C.: *My Dear Sir*—You will remember my being in Washington during the spring and summer of 1868, in charge of the cotton claim of L. Merchant & Co. While so engaged I called by advice of yourself, Senators Sumner, Morrill and Gen Logan, upon several members of the House and Senate, to explain the peculiarly strong points in that case, and to show how it differed from most cotton claims. On the 20th and 22d of June, 1868, as my diary for that year shows, I called upon the Hon. Oakes Ames, of Massachusetts. The first call was with a note of introduction from either the Hon. W. B. Washburn or the Hon. E. E. Woodbridge. I do not remember which. The second time I met Mr Ames I had a letter from Major General Veatch, of Indiana, which I read to him. I met Mr. Ames near the door of the Speaker's room, on the right as you face it. He was talking with a gentleman on New Orleans matters. I stood near him to claim his attention next, and without paying any attention to the conversation, could not help understanding something of its purport. Mr. Ames remarked to me that he would be out directly, and went into the House, and soon came back with a check in his hand, and saying to me, "Now, then," walked along to the Sergeant-at-Arms' desk. I walked by his side and was stating my case. Some one was drawing money at the desk of the Sergeant-at-Arms at the time, or getting some changed, and we stood in the room and I read the letter of Gen. Veatch, which so strongly touched for the loyalty of my clients. While we were talking, after the reading, I noticed the check in Mr. Ames' hands, because he was all the time looking at it, secondingly over the tops of his glasses. I remember very distinctly that it was drawn to "S. C. or bearer," and was for $1,250. I know I thought to myself—"Who the deuce is S. C. or bearer?" This check was then and there cashed at the desk of the Sergeant-at-Arms, and I well remember one $500 bill and several $100 bills. Walking back to the gentleman he had first been talking to, Mr. Ames handed him this money and received some kind of a written document in return. I have never seen this gentleman since.

You know I was in Europe during your investigations of the Credit Mobilier frauds. The first information I had of the "S. C. or bearer" $1,250 check was at the American Legation at Paris. I remembered then this circumstance of the check, and told Mr. Washburne, our Minister to France at that time, I knew Colfax never got the money, and that I thought I knew who did. I also informed Mr. Frederick Bleeson, of New York, who was for some time my traveling companion. He suggested that I had better telegraph you or Colfax, but the dislike I felt to becoming in any way mixed up in the Credit Mobilier scandal, together with the need of spending my time in the investigations into wine importation frauds, which investigation I was making in the interest of our Government, induced me to keep silent, thinking I should be home before Congress adjourned.

On my return to Washington Congress had adjourned. I conferred with Mr. H. C. Bliss, my law partner, and with Mr. Crounse, of the New York *Times*, and Mr. A. H. Byington, of Connecticut, and a few other friends, asking them to keep the matter a secret until I had time to see if I could not trace out the man to whom I saw Ames pay the proceeds of the S. C. or bearer check. As I had charge of the Rob Roy judgment against A. S. Mansfield, Oakes Ames, et. al., I had occasion to call on Mr. Ames in April last, and I related to him the circumstances of the check, and asked him who the man was to whom he then paid the money. His reply was in substance that it was none of my business, and I assented to the correctness of his views. Previous to the death of Mr. Ames and since, Mr. Colfax, to whom Mr. Byington, against my request, has imparted this information, has urged me to make a full statement for the press. After thinking over the matter for some time I have concluded to send to you, the chairman of the committee on investigation, this statement of facts, that you may use it as you may deem most just to Mr. Colfax, whom it alone affects.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JOHN T. DREW.

Counsellor at Law, 1,332 F street, Washington, D. C.

THE CHARACTER OF CAPTAIN DREW.

[Copy.]

BURLINGTON, Vt., July 1, 1873.

To THE HON. L. M. POLAND—*Dear Sir*—I have known Captain John T. Drew for several years. He usually spends his summers in this city, and is a gentleman of good standing as to wealth, principle and moral character. He is noted for great energy, perseverance, and is resolute, self-reliant, and, in my opinion, is a credible and reliable man, both personally and professionally. J. L. BARSTOW.

We concur in the above:

RUSSELL S. TAFT,
LEVI UNDERWOOD,
J. W. STEWART,
T. E. WALES,
WM. WELLS,
WM. M. HENRY,
G. G. BENEDICT.

[Mr. Barstow was a Major General and is now United States Pension Agent; Mr. Taft is Lieutenant Governor of Vermont; Messrs Underwood and Stewart are ex-Governors of Vermont; Mr. Wales is Judge of Probate; Mr. Wells was a Major General and is now United States Collector of Customs; Mr. Henry was a Major General, and Mr. Benedict is editor of the Burlington *Free Press*.]

Samuel Huntingdon, postmaster of Burlington under Lincoln, and a leading citizen now, states that he has known Mr. Drew for many years as a man of great energy, self-reliance and perseverance; and that as a student in the University of Vermont, as a soldier during the war, and subsequently as a lawyer, he won unusual respect, was regarded as a reliable, credible and able man, and justly merited the confidence of all.

Mathew H. Buckingham, President of the University of Vermont, states that Mr. Drew graduated from that institution in 1853, and that, though absent during a part of the course, while serving in the army, he maintained a very creditable rank as a scholar, that since his graduation he has gained a high reputation for business enterprise and sagacity, and is highly respected for his generosity and public spirit and other excellent qualities.

A DOUBTFUL PLEAS.—This is the way a woman out Louisville announces his freedom from newspaper thraldom for one day:

Fly away to the mountains, beneath shade and by fountains, all ye dust-choked patrons; fly; there you may keep still, orate if you will, or sing of the Fourth of July. If you orate, please state that the country is great—a patent right Yankee notion, talk of railroads and rings, and other big things, not omitting the fact that Jeff Davis is all that keeps it from crossing over and hossing all the nations that in darkness lie, who in ignorance are groping, without the semblance of hoping for a day like the Fourth of July. If you are not a noodle, you will sing "Yankee Doodle" till your notes reach the clouds in the sky—till the hills take the chills, as your fervid song thrills with the glory of the Fourth of July. You will sing in Adams and Hancock, Washington and Hamilton Rock, Yorktown and New Orleans, Paul Jones and his ship. But whatever you sing, you should not by any means omit to allude, in the most impassioned mood, to the grand old days of yore, how that seventy-six, on account of political tricks, can't be gotten up in good style any more. The "sink or swim" topic is now the softest soft soap; "survive or perish" is cant; the Revolution is rant, and the only thing left is rad, nigger, and Grant. But with these three, and a national debt, it may possibly be, we'll be happy yet. This being the case, we drown our sorrow in the gush of our joy, *no paper to-morrow*.

OREGON.

Prof Fowler is lecturing to Le Salem people and telling them what they are good for.

The *Statesman* says the favorite horse now is walking for health and running for Congress.

Many of the citizens of Corvallis are gathering of the abundance of ripe berries found near that place.

Sunday base ball players of Washington county are rebuked through the columns of the *Progressionist*.

A Zig Zag Club has been organized at Salem. The members lay out tricks for worn fences as they go home of nights.

The frame work for the new Catholic Church at Astoria has been commenced. The side walls were raised on the 23d.

A. Hurley, of Yamhill county was admitted as an attorney at the bar of the Supreme Court by that tribunal last Wednesday.

Mr. S. G. Caudle, with a party of three young men from St. Helens, reached Astoria Tuesday overland, by the way of the Nehalem valley.

The *Mary Bell* is the first steamboat to ascend and descend Skipanon creek, to Lexington Landing without the necessity of "slowing down."

The Cornelius paper this week captures several items from the OREGONIAN, and credits them to a contemporary. Had he given no credit at all, it would have been all right, but as it is it is all wrong.

Mr. A. Smith, of Astoria, received news Tuesday evening that one of his sons had been shot at St. Helens, but to what extent the injuries were inflicted, or how the accident happened, he could not learn.

An accurate record of all the arrivals and departures of vessels at Astoria, or that may have crossed the Columbia river bar, since September 1, 1850, a period of nearly twenty years, has been kept by Mr. A. Van Dusen.

The town site of Lafayette is in dispute, and the Supreme Court is hearing the matter for a decision. The title of the suit is Whitlow vs. Reese, and it involves some points not yet fully settled under our land laws.

The following commissions have been issued by the Governor within the last two or three days: Notaries public—H. T. Bingham, Portland, for Multnomah county, and P. K. Murphy, Gervais, for Marion county. First Lieutenant Portland light battery, 2d Brigade, Oregon Volunteer Militia, Henry Lang.

Our Washington county correspondent, under date of July 24th, writes us the following racy items: "Two horses arrived yesterday on the Hillsboro race track, belonging to Adcer & Wigle. Wm. White is expected in a few days with Henry Welch. Jerome Porter is east of the mountains, but is expected soon. We have not yet heard from Bybee or Scoggin. D. E. Wheeler put his trotting horse, Grey Dick, to harness this morning. It it is reported that Basket will be on hand with some fast stock. I suppose Gird will also turn up before the racing season is over. Geo. Morrow's young Pathfinder is looking well, and bids fair to get away with some of them."

The *Astorian* says: "Several ancient stone implements have been exhibited in this office, by Rev. W. A. Tenny, which excite considerable curiosity. One is evidently trap-rock, 22½ inches long, 2¼ inches wide and 1¼ inches thick in the middle, and is beveled each way to an edge. On one end is a circular enlargement perforated by a hole ⅝ of an inch in diameter, while the other end tapers from the middle to a point. Another specimen is 17 inches long 3½ inches wide and 2 inches thick in the middle, beveled and tapered like the one mentioned above. This is of a light brown stone interspersed with black spots, and is about the hardness of lime stone. This kind of rock is not found in this country. This latter instrument is delicately finished especially at the upper end, where a hole, beveled at the sides, is cut with singular exactness. These implements with quite a quantity of others, of different structures, were exhumed by S. W. Tahnin, while he was digging a cellar under his house near Westport, some twenty-five miles from this place. These stone relics must have been buried, where they were recently found, at least 1,000 years ago. Who constructed them? and for what use? These curiosities can be seen at the house of Rev. Mr. Tenney.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The *Colonist* says the Moberley (C. P. R. R.) party were at the McLeod river portage on the 30th of May.

Jarvis' party of surveyors were working at Cache Creek on the 15th, and expected to follow Hat Creek and go through Marble Canyon to reach the coast.

The Superintendent of Indian Affairs has notified a number of dissolute Hydah Indians, who have pitched their tents on the Indian Reserve, to go home.

W. H. McCrea, Esq., who for fourteen years was chief clerk in the British Columbia customs, has retired, in consequence of ill-health, upon a pension of $600 per annum.

Mr. Williams of Esquimalt, about a month ago, purchased three acres from the Hudson Bay Co., opposite Mr Pooley's house for $300. He can dispose of the same to-day for $1,000 per acre.

A London correspondent, writing under date of June 21st, says: The General Court of the Hudson Bay Trading Company has published a report. It shows a net profit for the year amounting to near $500,000, as against £85,000 last year. A dividend of 12s a share, which, with the interim paid in January, makes a total distribution of £1 per share, against 17s last year, is ordered.

The people of Esquimault are greatly exasperated at the disgraceful course pursued by the Local Ministry on Thursday, when the first stake for the railway location of survey was driven. It is charged that the Premier, the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works and the Attorney General drove down to a point near Esquimalt on a buck. That to throw the people who were anxious to witness the ceremony off the scent they then got out of the trap and sneaked off into the bushes, whence they followed a circuitous route to the spot where Mr. Smith and party were engaged in driving the stake, while the inhabitants of Esquimalt and about one hundred Victorians were barking their shins and tearing their clothes in the neighborhood of Constance Cove.

The terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company was located on the 19th inst., at the northwest corner of the fence which surrounds the Admiral's residence at Thetis Cove, and is marked by one of the posts of the fence on which is written, "C. P. R. S.—July 19th, 1873." Mr Smith, with his force, yesterday cut a broad trail through the bush and sapling for a distance of several hundred yards, driving stakes at short intervals. The terminus is on the Indian Reserve, who have given a large tract of land lying adjacent to the admiral's residence at Thetis Cove, a very pretty, safe and commodious bay in Esquimault harbor. It is supposed that the company will take the Indian reserve, and that lands in another part of the harbor will be allotted to the Indians. No "sod" was turned, unless by some of the visitors by way of a "lark" and we learn that a telegram was received from Ottawa in the morning that the commencement of the location survey on or before the 20th July is considered as keeping the terms of the Treaty of Union.

THE TERRITORIES.

The Salt Lake *Tribune* is enthusiastic because the postoffice is soon to be illuminated by gas! Population, about 20,000.

Fall freights for Montana have commenced to arrive at Corinne from the East—the earliest of any season up to the present.

The work on the *Panada* at Port Townsend is progressing rapidly, and the vessel will be ready for sea and as tight as a bottle in a few days.

At the exclusive expense of the citizens of Snohomish, a survey has just been completed for a wagon road between Snohomish city and Seattle.

A Salt Lake paper opines that if the Chinamen in that city would devour the surplus cats and dogs they would prove an absolute blessing.

On Thursday of last week the child of

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 25, 1873

POLITICAL APATHY

The condition of the public mind throughout the United States just at this time, with reference to political matters is somewhat remarkable. From the excitement of a year ago, the change to general apathy, or even aversion to politics, seems to have been complete. It is not that quiet which usually succeeds the Presidential election, for that leaves the relations of individuals to their parties undisturbed, it merely suspends operations for the time being, but all parties rest on their arms. Not so appears the present state of things People not only are doing nothing in political matters, but are apparently caring nothing. Every person in Oregon has noticed that such is the case here, and by the Eastern papers we are told that the same is true throughout the country. The New York *Times* says no such condition of the public mind has been witnessed in the Empire State within a generation. An important election is just about coming off in that State, in which a Secretary of State and other important officers are to be chosen, and nothing is doing by either party toward organizing for the campaign. In Maine, it is predicted that the vote will fall greatly below that usually polled, because the voters do not take interest enough in the matter to go and vote. Party lines seem to be measurably broken down, and very large numbers of votes, it is supposed, will pay no attention to the party nominations in selecting their candidates. This is not confined to either party, though the demoralization of the Democracy is more general than that of the Republican. The *Times* thinks the vote heretofore will furnish but an unreliable basis on which to make calculations of probable results in the next election in any State.

JAPANESE PROGRESS

It is barely possible that a greater ado has been made over the progress of the Japanese Empire in civilization, than the truth will justify. That some important steps have been taken there can be no disputing, and yet much that has been heralded forth as progress made has been nothing more than propositions with more or less of an official character, that have come to the surface only to be relegated into oblivion. Such for instance was the establishment of perfect religious liberty, of which we heard so much a few months since. Instead of decreeing complete toleration in religious matters the Mikado sent out an edict, intended to counteract the liberal tending tendencies of his most progressive grandees, that no youth attending upon the government colleges—and there are no other colleges in the Empire—should be permitted to attend Christian worship. Instead of suppressing prostitution, he simply took one step forward and another backward; he forbade the selling of female children into bondage for purposes of prostitution, and at the same time adopted such measures for the encouragement of voluntary prostitution as have resulted in making that vice a source of vast revenues to his government. The Christian world was likewise hasty in proclaiming the reformation of the prison discipline so as to do away with the revolting cruelties and inhumanities of Japanese prison management. The reformation was proposed, but when it came before the Supreme Council it was indefinitely postponed. Taxation is burdening the people to an enormous extent, and a more corrupt government, perhaps, does not exist on the face of the earth than that of the Mikado.

That some real progress has been made is impossible. It is progress when an exclusive and suspicious nation opens its doors to the people of other nations, and encourages the cultivation of friendly intercourse. In a country whose civilization is a fossilized system of effete forms, it is progress when those who bear rule become willing to inquire if there is not a better way; for when the blind faith that bound the nation to its dead past is uprooted, there is a probability, at all events a possibility, of the intellect and conscience of that people being revitalized and ultimately brought into normal relations with truth and virtue, and the liberty which these bestow. But there is a long road to be traveled between the dawn and the noon of true civilization and enlightenment, and the Japanese Empire has almost that entire distance still before it.

THE REGISTER'S MISTAKE

The Albany *Register* says anybody who does not believe in adultery and bigamy is a Democrat. We cannot join the *Register* in this compliment to the Democracy. We never voted a Democratic ticket, nor for a single candidate on a Democratic ticket, in our life, and we do not believe in adultery and bigamy, and we know some thousands of persons who are exactly in the same condition. Indeed, we are greatly mistaken if a large majority of the Republican party are not a little wanting in the qualifications to fit them for a place in the ideal Republican party which the *Register* has set up as its model. Most of the apologists of these crimes, in the Republican organization, are persons who only identified themselves with the party after it became triumphant, and have attached themselves since, exactly to the extent that they have received official position and emoluments at its hands. Still we trust they are as nearly sincere in their Republicanism as they can be in anything, and we would not wish to lose their help on election day.

Our sprightly contemporary of the *New Mexican* says we are a malicious liar, but a true gentleman nevertheless. We cannot consent to enter into a discussion with her as to the truthfulness of this apparent paradox, as it is plain we could never agree. It requires a peculiar mental constitution, and a peculiar theory of morals, such as we were never blessed with, to look with a complacency that cannot be distinguished from approbation, upon social sins and moral wrong. We have for some time observed, not without pain, the unmistakable evidences of our sprightly neighbor's vast superiority over us and our kind in this respect. We did not start right. Between theory and practice there is but a single step, and in most cases *practice* is the point *from* which that step is taken.

THE SACRAMENTO WATER WORKS

VERY SATISFACTORY TEST OF THE NEW WORKS

The Holly Water Works, just completed at Sacramento, were tested on the 17th instant, and the test proved quite satisfactory. We give from the *Bee* a report of the matter, which we trust citizens of Portland will read carefully, as it is manifest that sooner or later, and before a very long period, Portland must own water works. If the Holly is the best and most economical "in the long run," that is what our city needs, but if it is not, any preference in its favor ought to be removed, and that can be done only by examining the facts. The *Bee* says

We give the exact quantity of water pumped by the gang pump and representing its capacity for supplying water for domestic use, and also the exact length of each horizontal and the exact height of each perpendicular stream thrown, and representing the system's capacity for fire protection. These figures are made neither by the friends nor the foes of the system, but are the official figures of City Surveyor Ray, a sworn and efficient officer, and upon which the Board of Trustees will act

CITY SURVEYOR RAY'S REPORT

At a trial of the Holly Water Works July 17th, commencing at 1 02 o'clock, water was forced through the thirteen-inch discharge pipe of the old Water Works into the tank, having between the machinery and the tank one gate of one foot in diameter and six elbows to obstruct the flow. The tank had been previously measured and found to contain 28,610 gallons in every foot of height. In one hour with the gang pump alone designed for the usual supply to the city and at a water pressure of forty pounds, 52 feet of the tank were filled—equivalent to 270,257 gallons or at the rate of 4,186,168 gallons per day.

A trial was then made by connecting the two rotary pumps also with the main engine and with a water pressure of fifty-five pounds one and a half feet, or 44,415 gallons were forced into the tank in eleven and a half minutes, at the rate of 5,561,530 gallons per day.

At the same time that water was being pumped into the tanks it was also passing into the service pipes of the city from leakage of the gates and gates not closed at the rate of 887,000 gallons per day, as was definitely ascertained by a trial before the filling of the tanks commenced, making the quantity pumped per day by one engine for service supply 4,973,208 gallons, and with the two rotaries connected 6,448,570 gallons per day.

Water was then forced through nozzles of various sizes at a pressure of 150 pounds with the following result when attached to fifty feet of hose

Through 1¼-inch nozzle 223 feet perendicularly, 1¼-inch nozzle 217 feet, 2-inch nozzle 165 feet. Through 100 feet of hose and a 1¼-inch nozzle 249 feet horizontally.

OPINIONS OF THE CITY OFFICERS AND ENGINEERS

Our reporter has obtained the opinions of many who witnessed the test. None of them has been a partisan of the works. Mr. Collier was the friend of another system and sustained a fair and legitimate opposition to the Holly system, but he is a machinist and an engineer, and frankly concedes the excellence of these works. Mr. Adams, who himself submitted a different plan of water supply, is also plain in his statements.

Collier says. "The 2-inch stream yesterday thrown was the best 2-inch stream he ever saw thrown, though the steamer can beat the pumps with inch and a quarter nozzle. For domestic supply the system is splendid and far more than fills the contract. It works first-rate."

Chief Engineer Hunt says:

"It fulfills the contract as to the domestic supply. It throws a splendid stream, as was done yesterday right at the works through 50 feet of hose, but in a fire that would make it nice and warm for the gentlemen at the pipe." He wants to see a stream one-half or three-fourths of a mile from the works, played through 200 feet of hose.

Mayor Green says it was a splendid display. I never saw anything like it in my life. To say that I am pleased don't express my sentiments. It more than surpassed the expectations of the best friend the system could have in the city.

Trustee Rider says: The test was excellent I am more than satisfied with it. They have more than come up to the requirements of the contract. We will accept the works next Monday. We are ready to do so now, as indeed we would have to any way, as all conditions have been complied with.

Trustee Adams said he thought very well of the test, that the domestic supply was fully up to the contract, and that the streams as thrown in front of the works were all that had been claimed for them, but that there was a desire to see such streams thrown at a distance from the works, something which would be tested to-morrow. He says that the expense of running is much more than had been calculated, but that that will be reduced, and that the present heated term makes the very severest demand upon the supply.

We have seen no report of the test that was promised on the 19th, but hope to be able to give it to our readers soon. It is certainly important to know what the machinery will do in the way of throwing a stream for the purpose of extinguishing fire at a distance from the works. We do not see, however, why it cannot be easily determined by computation just what could be done at a given distance with a given size of main. The pressure at a distance from the works will be exactly the same as at the works, less the friction of passing that distance through the pipes, and it should seem an engineer ought to be able to calculate that with considerable accuracy. Nevertheless, a practical demonstration will settle the matter to the satisfaction of everybody.

GORDON-GORDON

Within the past few weeks this adventurous noble has been rescued by a couple of Minnesota detectives from the oblivion into which he tumbled when he leaped the boundary line of the United States a year or more ago, leaving behind him a group of chagrined bondsmen in New York. The career of Gordon-Gordon has been full of vicissitudes. His advent to the New York stock market was heralded with great flourish of trumpets. His exodus was silent. We have heard little concerning him from that time up to the date of his capture. It seems that he has been in Manitoba preparing the wilderness for an enormous company of emigrants who were to come over from Europe. The Minneapolis *Tribune* prints the following reminiscences of this noted gentleman

It seems that Messrs. Hoy and Fletcher had ample reason for the precaution they are said to have taken in putting "Lord Gordon-Gordon in handcuffs after they had captured him. We learn from the best authorities that his arrest on English soil had been attempted once before. It is more than a year now since his sureties, Messrs. Horace F. Clark and Roberts, had a conference in New York, and, having heard directly from Gordon in Canada that they would never see his face again, they devised measures for bringing him. They hired one of the most expert and energetic of the New York police captains to go to Montreal and arrest him on a "bad piece"—their New York lawyers assuring them that, on that instrument, they could take him wherever found.

He went. He found the hiding place of the noble lord—somewhere near Montreal. Catching him alone, he put his hand on the shoulder of the majestic Gordon-Gleneairn and said "You are my prisoner. Don't make any noise!" Before he could strike an attitude, Mr. G. G. had covered his head with a new revolver and said, "You're a dead man if you stir!" This was a surprise. The cop did not stir. Then G. G. took a purse of $300 from his pocket and handed it to his interviewer, and added, "Which will you have?" It is needless to add that the intimidated man took the money. Then he fled to New York before the news of the attempt got abroad, and told his employes all about it. "I was afraid of him," he frankly acknowledged. The bondsmen wanted a year and tried to get Roy who doesn't seem on the whole to have done quite so well.

The St Paul *Dispatch* is inclined to the belief that the detectives who made the recent attempt to bring Lord Gordon to his bondsmen, were guilty of a grave offense against Canadian law. It says

The Minneapolis *Tribune* indulges in a display of editorial swash to prove that some outrage has been committed on the American citizens from Minneapolis who are now in jail in Manitoba. This is stupid bosh. A heavy reward was offered for that precious scoundrel Gordon Gordon and a gang of Minneapolis fanatics hoped to make some money by capturing him. Gordon's whereabouts in Manitoba have been known for months, but the best evidence that he could not be legally seized is found in the fact that no attempt had been made to do it. Canada has precious cases under the extradition treaty though such possession would save his bail bonds, in the aggregate $25,000. The Minneapolis gang devised a plan for kidnapping and bringing him to American soil. This was a high-handed outrage which no government would permit. There is as much recklessness in personal liberty as there would be were it allowed. The arrest of the guilty parties was proper. Their offence is great and they ought to be sent up for the term of ten years as allowed by law. If a gang of Englishmen were to come to St Paul and kidnap the biggest rascal in the place the sentiment in favor of sending them to Stillwater would be unanimous. Because Johnny Bull's eye is gored instead of ours it should not blind our eyes to law or justice. Though our hearts would bleed to part with that Minneapolis gang including the Mayor for ten years eternal justice must be done.

RAILWAY STATISTICS

From an article in a late number of the New York *Tribune*, compiled from the latest authentic statistics it appears that the total length of railways in the United States on the 1st of January, 1873, was 67,112 miles, 6,427 miles of which were built during the year previous. Of the aggregate length of road, 4,574 miles are in the New England States, 11,617 in the Middle States, 28,778 in the Western States, 10,986 in the Southern States, and 1,363 in the Pacific States.

The roads in New England cost $50,418 per mile, and their net earnings are 6.26 per cent. of their cost

In the Middle States the cost was $79,427 per mile, and their net earnings are 6 4 per cent. of cost.

In the Western States the cost falls to $30,550 per mile, and the net earnings to 4 57 per cent.

In the Southern States the average cost was only $36,575 per mile, and their net earnings are only 4.09 per cent

The cost in the Pacific States is reported at the enormous figure of $98,500 per mile, and their net earnings at 6 per cent.

These figures make the average cost of $55,116 per mile for all the roads in the country, and their average net earnings 5.20 per cent. of cost.

The disparity between the earnings of Western and Eastern roads is accounted for by the difference in population between the two sections. While the ratio of earnings to population is not materially greater in the West than in the East, the ratio of population to mileage of road is very much greater in the Eastern States. Hence it is safe to predict that, as the population of the Western States increases, unless the length of road shall increase with equal rapidity—which it is not likely to do—the net earnings on the Western roads will in a very few years approach the percentage of the Eastern lines. At the present the increase of population in the West is about 600,000 annually, which number bears a greater ratio to the present population of that section of the Union than the annual increase of length of railway line bears to the whole length already constructed.

That these figures on the cost of construction are in most cases at least double the actual necessary cost of constructing railways in the United States, there is hardly room to doubt. If other evidence were wanted, it is found in the immense difference between the reported cost of different roads. There are, of course, some local reasons why it costs more to build roads in some places than in others, but there is no sufficient reason for such great disparity as is shown by this report. It is probable that the reported cost of the roads in the Southern States is not very far out of the way of the actual cost of constructing, filling up with stations, depots, etc., and stocking the roads in the Western and Middle States. All over this is stealings in divers forms. The average reported cost of the roads in the Pacific States is little less than three times the actual cost. Let the cost be reported truly, and the six per cent. net earnings of these roads will be about fifteen per cent. Then add to this fifteen per cent. the large amounts taken from the gross earnings by the managers of the roads, by the various methods they have of running the roads in the interest of themselves, and it will be seen what a nice little plum these railways are. No wonder the managers are enabled to live like princes and still accumulate magnificent fortunes in a few brief years.

Forney's *Chronicle* (Washington) is making the dog-days particularly torrid for the Washington Board of Public Works. In his paper of the 19th inst he charges that the comprehensive plan of improvements which the Board is trying to carry out, has already cost over twelve millions of dollars, although it was started with the announcement that it was to cost but six millions. The single item of sewerage tax, it is said, will increase the District debt over two millions. We have already moralized on the enormous debt of this little territory—$15,000,000. One of the leading Republican members of the House of Delegates, charges that the present debt is seven millions above the limit fixed by Congress.

The good opinion of good people is an object worthy to be labored for and to be proud of. We will therefore be pardoned for copying this flattering notice from the *Portuguese Advocate*

The OREGONIAN of this city is out without previous announcement in a handsome new dress throughout. It looks beautiful and attractive. We heartily congratulate our fortunate colemporary in its prosperity and enterprise. We have no doubt that, as it ever has been and is now, so it will continue to be among the best and most reliable newspapers on the Pacific coast.

Mr David A. Wells is noted for his dry humor and the inimitable pathos with which he clothes his glowing thoughts on paper and advances them. One of his happiest efforts was called forth at a banquet in London several weeks since, where in response to a toast to political economists, he made a speech two hours long. His rash admirers must have paid dearly for their temerity.

Paul Dahlgren, son of the late Admiral recently appointed Consul-General at Rome, has gone to his post.

NEW TO-DAY.

SITUATION WANTED.

BY A LADY TO DO WORK AS A CHAMBERMAID. Call for a small family. For particulars, inquire at the corner of Fourth and Taylor streets. jy24-tf

ARCTIC SODA NOW READY

At C. H. Woodard & Co.,

CORNER FRONT AND ALDER STREET.

jy24-3d

THE NEW

"Domestic" Sewing Machine.

The Latest INVENTION OF THE AGE. CHEAPEST AND BEST In the WORLD

W. J. Horne, Agent,

OFFICE—104 Third Street Portland

jy24-6tdtf

BANKRUPT NOTICE.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon.—Assignee Sale. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Assignee of the estate of THE HERALD PRINTING COMPANY, bankrupt will, on Saturday, August 9th, 1873 between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, at the office of said Printing Company, No 5 Washington street, Portland, Oregon, sell the entire lot of Type, Galleys, Stones, etc etc also a large Printing Press, one Engine with all the fixings thereunto belonging at Public Auction belonging to the estate of said bankrupt. Terms of sale, cash in U S gold coin.

JOS. BACHMAN, Assignee.

A B RICHARDSON Auctioneer jy25dtd

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon.—Assignee Sale. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Assignee of the estate of Thomas Ryan, bankrupt will on Saturday, August 9th 1873 between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 2 P. M. of said day at the Auction Room of A. B. Richardson, Front street Portland, Oregon, sell the entire stock of Liquors consisting of Brandy, Whisky, Gin etc etc at Public Auction, belonging to the estate of said bankrupt. Terms of sale, cash in U S gold coin.

JOS. BACHMAN, Assignee.

A B RICHARDSON, Auctioneer. d&awtd

MISCELLANEOUS.

Fresh Importations

Now Landing and for Sale

Ex Hermine from Liverpool

W. M. YOUNGER & CO.

India Pale Ale and Extra Stout,

In Quarts and Pints.

Extra Refined

Table Salt in Waterproof Packages,

5 lbs., 10 lbs., and 20 lbs each.

Fine Table Salt in Bottles and Jars.

Cases Pure Bicarbonate of Soda.

Cases Brough's Scouring Bath Brick.

Casks Soda Crystals.

J. T. Norton's

ENGLISH PICKLES,

Assorted Quarts and Pints.

Ex Alaska from Yokohama, JAPAN.

Chests, Half Chests and Caddies of Superior Crop Young Hyson and Oolong.

Extra Choice Natural Leaf Japan Tea.

Ex "Mary Crockard," AND OTHER ARRIVALS.

40,000 lbs Assorted Cordage,

From 1-4th inch to 1 inch.

500 Sacks Patna No. 1 Rice.

Ex Ship "Confidence" and Brig "Kolon," From San Francisco.

3,075 Sack Fine Liverpool Dairy Salt.

In Quarter, Halves and Whole Sacks.

CORBETT & MACLEAY.

JUST RECEIVED,

A LOT OF

Russell's Threshers, And Self-Rake Reapers,

(FROM THE ATWELL & CO.)

TO SELL EXTRA LOW AND ON TERMS TO suit purchasers. Also a lot of

EXTRA FINE WAGONS.

H. H. TUTTLE.

jy24-tf 144 and 146 Front St Portland.

ZAN BROTHERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

BROOMS, BRUSHES, AND WISPS.

Front Street, between Oak and Pine, Opposite Wood Yard

Wanted—Broom Corn.

Selling Off at Cost.

BEING ABOUT TO RETIRE FROM BUSINESS, I will sell my entire stock of

MILLINERY,

Consisting of HATS, BONNETS, FEATHERS, FLOWERS and TRIMMINGS of all descriptions and of the LATEST STYLES, at cost prices

Extra Inducements to the Trade.

White Hanson Hats and Bonnets from $2 50 up

Will positively close out at end of the month

JESSE E. KINGSBURY

Corner Third and Alder

EX "HERMINE,"

1,000 bxs WINDOW GLASS

For sale in quantities to suit.

GEO. L. STORY,

45 Front Street, Portland.

CLAIMS ON UNITED STATES, AND ON ANY STATE.

ALL KINDS OF MILITARY, NAVAL AND Indian Claims and Mexican War vouchers collected by the undersigned. Money advanced on the awards of the Auditors.

Persons having business with the Departments at Washington and with any State, will please apply to

C. M. CARTER,

Att'y for Claimants Portland, Oregon

WM. CHURCH & SON

HAVE REMOVED

To the Old Postoffice Room,

(OPPOSITE ODD FELLOWS HALL.

Call and select your CLOTHING for the summer. je20

BANKS.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND.

Designated Depositary and Financial Agent United States.

President . . . . HENRY FAILING

Cashier . . . . JAMES STEEL

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to Check at Sight.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic cities.

SIGHT EXCHANGE LAND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS payable in Coin or Currency for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit direct on

LONDON PARIS

BERLIN FRANKFORT ON THE MAIN

SAVINGS. SAVINGS.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND,

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

THIS BANK HAS ESTABLISHED IN CONNECtion with the general Banking business a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT, and will allow interest on Coin Deposits thus made in accordance with the conditions adopted by the Association.

In establishing a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT, this Banking Association has in view the benefits to accrue to a class of persons having small sums to loan, by providing a safe place of deposit, ample security and fair rate of interest as well as to aggregate and bring into use idle capital.

For the safety of deposits in this Bank are pledged its entire capital and resources and also the personal liability of its Directors and Stockholders. Its policy as provided by section 12 of the National Currency Act, approved June 7, 1864, a greater security than that given by ordinary savings Banks. Printed copies of the conditions upon which deposits are received may be had upon application at the Bank.

HENRY FAILING, President.

JAMES STEEL, Cashier

Directors:

HENRY FAILING, HENRY W CORBETT,

L. H. WAKEFIELD, JOSIAH FAILING,

JAMES STEEL

THE

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital.....$1,562,500

WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO

$10,000,000,

HEAD OFFICE—5 East India Avenue, Leadenhall Street, London.

BRANCHES

In Vancouver Island, British Columbia, San Francisco and Portland.

AGENCIES

In New York, Canada, Scotland and Ireland.

Exchange for Sale on

England, Ireland, Scotland, New York and Canada.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards. Approved bills discounted or Collected. Loans made on available collaterals.

EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.

LADD & TILTON,

BANKERS,

DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND ACCOUNTS KEPT subject to Check or Draft.

INTEREST allowed on Time Deposits or TRUST FUNDS in sums of One Dollar and Upwards, from date of deposit.

MONEY LOANED on approved Security.

BONDS, STOCKS and other valuables received on Deposit for safe keeping.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INVESTMENTS in Real Estate and other property made for parties.

SIGHT and TELEGRAPH EXCHANGE on San Francisco and the Atlantic States for sale.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES bought and sold.

AGENTS for the transaction of all kinds of Fire and Marine Insurance.

J. K. GILL & CO.,

Booksellers and Stationers,

75 FIRST STREET.

OUR STOCK COMPRISES A FULL ASSORTment of

SCHOOL BOOKS,

Blank Books,

AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS.

Together with a full line of

FOREIGN AND

DOMESTIC STATIONERY

New Books by Every Steamer.

Agents for Mabie, Todd & Co's GOLD PENS.

We Import Goods from Publishers and Manufacturers Direct and Guarantee to our Customers the LOWEST RATES.

The Post-Office is Removed

From First street but

W. FRIEDLANDER

still continues opposite where it used to be, and still charges

New York Prices

FOR WATCH REPAIRING

FOR EXAMPLE

For Cleaning Watches	$2 00
For Main Spring	1 50
For Watch Glass	25

Paying a small rent and keeping expenses low, enables me to do GOOD WORK such as I can guarantee at above prices which are but one half the rates charged in other establishments in this city.

W. FRIEDLANDER,

103 First Street.

Rock River Paper Company's

PATENT

FELT ROOFING.

PUT ON FOR $8 PER SQUARE.

PREPARED PLASTERING BOARD, Sheathing and Carpet Paper.

For sale by H. C. MORRIS, Masonic Temple Portland

Regalias and Trimmings.

ONLY REGALIA HOUSE IN THE STATE.

MASONIC BOOKS AND BLANKS.

Gold and Silver Laces, Fringes, Spangles, Stars, Bullion, Etc.

H. C. MORRIS, Masonic Temple, Portland

CHEAP HOMESTEADS.

ONLY TEN MORE LOTS.

FOR SALE FOR THIRTY DAYS ONLY, TEN lots 50x140 feet within ten minutes walk from the Ferry Landing—all cleared. Terms—$100 for each lot one fourth cash and balance in monthly payments of five dollars each. For particulars apply to M. MOSKOWITZ, Real Estate Agent 30 Front street, Portland.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S Steamship

JOHN L. STEPHENS,

FRANCIS CONNOR, Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F street, for the above port

SATURDAY, JULY 26, 1873,

At 6 o'clock, A. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For Port Townsend, Seattle, Steilacoom, and Olympia.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S Steam Propeller

GUSSIE TELFAIR,

CAPT GARDINER,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, foot of F street, for the above ports,

TUESDAY, JULY 29th, 1873.

For Freight or Passage apply at the office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For Victoria, Nanaimo and Sitka.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steam Propeller

GUSSIE TELFAIR,

JOHN HATES. . . . . Commander

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of F street, for the above ports,

FRIDAY, AUGUST 1st, 1873,

At 6 o'clock, P. M.

Victoria, Nanaimo and Sitka freight must be cleared aboard 12 o'clock M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

Coos Bay for San Francisco.

THE STEAMER

EASTPORT,

GEORGE PATON. . . . . Captain.

Will leave COOS BAY for SAN FRANCISCO, on or about the

1st and 15th of each Month.

For SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATIONS FOR PASSENGERS. For Freight or Passage apply to

F. SCHEITER, Agent, Coos Bay.

D. BEADLE, Agent, San Francisco.

RIVER STEAMERS.

Oregon Steamship Company's STEAMBOATS.

Notice.

FROM AND AFTER THURSDAY May 1st, the steamer

E. N. COOKE

Will leave CARGON CITY on Monday, Tuesday Thursday and Friday at 7 A. M.; and on Wednesday and Saturday at 10 A. M.—connecting with the steamer EASTON thus enabling to Portland Returning, will leave

Portland at 4 P. M. Cargon City at 4 P. M.

Passengers for LAFAYETTE will all intermediate places will take CARS at 8:15 A. M., connecting at Carneman with the steamer EASTON on Tuesday and Friday.

THROUGH TICKETS sold at the Office of the O & C. R. R. Co., at REDUCED RATES.

All Freight by the line delivered to consignees FREE OF DRAYAGE.

Freight received until 5 P. M.

J. D. BILES, Agent.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s NEW PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

Commencing July 14, 1873.

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND

FOR DALLES Daily (Sundays excepted) at 5 o'clock A. M.

FOR WALLULA—Monday and Friday at 5 A.M.

FOR ASTORIA, KALAMA and OLYMPIA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock A. M.

FOR MONTICELLO—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 A. M.

FOR CATHLAMET—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

FOR WEST SIDE—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 o'clock A. M.

FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 8 o'clock, A. M.

S. G. REED, Vice President.

W. P. T. CO.'S

STEAMER

GOV. GROVER,

WILL LEAVE FLANDER'S WHARF EVERY

Monday and Thursday Morning at 8 o'clock,

FOR CORVALLIS

And Intermediate Landings.

Freight and Passage at REDUCED RATES. No wastage or breakage.

B. GOLDSMITH, President

The Steamer Cliopa

WILL LEAVE PORTLAND ON TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 7 A. M.

FOR MONTICELLO AND FREESORT

Calling in at Lewis river Monday and Friday, up Tuesday and Saturday, down. Up Lake River Wednesday; Thursday, down; and on Saturday will run through Westport Slough to Westport and Cathlamet, touching at all the Fisheries. For Freight or Passage apply on board to

C. W. THAYER

Portland & Vancouver Packet

THE STEAMER CARRIE, JAMES W. TROUTE, Master, will make DAILY trips between Vancouver and Portland, Sundays excepted. Leave Vancouver at 8 A. M., returning, leave Portland at 4 P. M., from foot of Alder street. For freight or passage apply on board.

INSURANCE.

HOME

MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Fire and Marine Insurance.

Capital.....$1,000,000

JOHN H REDINGTON	President
GEO H HOWARD	Vice President
CHAS R STORY	Secretary
N REDDY	Marine Secretary
R H BIGELOW	General Manager

DIRECTORS:

Oregon Branch.

PORTLAND P. Wasserman, C H Lewis B Goldsmith, D Maclay, Lloyd Brooke

SALEM L F Grover

ALBANY J A Crawford

DALLES P M French

ILLAHEE Lowenberg

HAMILTON BOYD,

Agent for Oregon and Washington Territory

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

L. C. HENRICHSEN & CO.,

Fashionable Jewelers,

109 First St., Portland,

Offer a complete assortment of

DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY,

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,

AND SILVERWARE.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER,

COR. OF FRONT AND OAK STS.

Auction Sales

OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, CHANDISE AND PRODUCE

Sale Days—Wednesday and Friday

At Private Sale

Large assortment of GROCERIES

Liberal advances made on consignments.

To parties declining the services of auctioneers that I will pay A. B. RICHARDSON.

Regular and Public Sales

OF

Kerl Estate

FURNITURE,

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

I will sell at my Auction Rooms

SATURDAY, [illegible]

At 10 o'clock A. M.

REAL ESTATE

The east half of lots No. [illegible] block 183, 80x100 feet, [illegible] between Sixth and Seventh streets.

Comfortable one-story Cottage and Shrubbery on premises.

ALSO,

FURNITURE

1 Fine PARLOR SET

1 Fine WALNUT BUREAU

1 Fine TURKISH TABLE

2 WALNUT WHATNOTS

10 CHROMOS and [illegible]

ALSO

HAIR and SPRING MATTRESSES

BLANKETS, QUILTS, [illegible]

PILLOW-SLIPS, PILLOWS

Crockery, Glassware

SPECIAL

75 chests JAPAN TEA

25 chests BLACK TEA

100 bxs SOAP.

25 bf bbls STARCH

100 bxs SMOKED [illegible]

25 bxs SAPONIA.

50 bxs TOILET [illegible]

100 kegs S. F. SYRUP

100 bxs PEARL BARLEY

25 bxs SAGO.

100 cases ASSORTED [illegible]

10 cases AUSTRALIAN [illegible]

15 cases CONDENSED [illegible]

BED ROOM,

DINING ROOM AND

KITCHEN FURNITURE

A. B. RICHARDSON

SPECIAL SALE

OF

Valuable Business

I will sell at my Auction Rooms

SATURDAY, AUGUST [illegible]

At 10 o'clock A. M.

The fractional part of Block [illegible] DISTILLERY BLOCK, commencing at the southwest corner of said block; thence north forty (40) feet; thence east to the Willamette river; thence south forty (40) feet; thence west to the place of beginning.

ALSO,

Fractional part of Block 112, commencing at a point forty (40) feet from the southeast corner of said block; thence running northerly forty-two (42) feet to low water mark on the Willamette river; thence west to [illegible] feet; thence in a southerly direction to the place of beginning, being a large two and a half story BRICK HOUSE.

ALSO,

The fractional part of Block 112, commencing at a point forty-two (42) feet from the southeast corner of said block; thence running northerly forty-two (42) feet; thence west to low water mark on the Willamette river; thence southerly along low water mark forty-two (42) feet; thence east to the place of beginning, being a large two and a half story BRICK HOUSE.

Title perfect. Terms—One, two and three years, with interest at 10 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually. One third of purchase money may remain on mortgage for twelve months; five per cent discount for cash.

The above described property is situated on the corner of Front and Taylor streets, and has been occupied as a Distillery for many years. The buildings are in good repair, and the machinery is in good order. The property is well worthy the attention of those desiring to engage in the business.

On the same day, at 11 o'clock A. M., I will sell at the store on the corner of Front and Taylor streets, the entire stock of Groceries, Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, Fixtures, etc., belonging to the estate of Kerl & Co.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

jy24-td

SHOT BY ACCIDENT.—The Oregonian from down the river, we extract the following particulars concerning the accidental shooting of a young man named Arthur Sherman, of St Helens, named Arthur Sherman, whose name is Griffin. Both of the young men were out hunting near the place on the day forenoon. About 11 o'clock they separated from its uncle while the latter was making a short detour through the woods. While making through the brush, Griffin happened to cross Griffin's path a few rods from him. The brush was almost impenetrable, and in walking in any forward direction a branch from a tree caught the hammer of the gun, causing the weapon to discharge. It happened to point directly at the body of young Griffin, with the following effect: the [illegible] through the body and [illegible] which was heard by Griffin. Griffin, with a loud cry, fell to the ground, and the blood flowed freely. The alarm was given, and Griffin was tenderly borne to the house. The wounded man died at 5 o'clock. Death was caused by the bullet passing through the heart. The family of the deceased reside at St. Helens, and Griffin is one of the most respectable young men of that place. Some months ago he was married to a daughter of Robert Thompson, Esq., of Milton, Columbia county, Oregon. The bereaved parents and family of the deceased have the sympathy of the entire community in their affliction.

ON THE NEW LIGHT-HOUSE.—Soliciting proposals will appear in the [illegible] for the new Government Light-House at Point Adams, on the Oregon coast, the site of which lies about [illegible] miles south of the mouth of the Columbia river. The plans for the building are similar in structure to the one on the top of Cape Disappointment, which will be some [illegible] higher. Instead of revolving in the latter, the wheel turns in the former direction, the wheel is so nicely poised that the least impulse of the air is sufficient to keep it in motion, and is caused to revolve entirely on the force and velocity of the wind. Attached to this wheel by [illegible] is a self registering apparatus, which by means of spring and machinery very similar to that of a clock. Around a [illegible] roller is wound a strip of paper on which is printed the hours and minutes each indicated by light [illegible] fastened a pencil point, which [illegible] the piece of marked paper [illegible] the wind is indicated by the [illegible] hour the lever and pencil [illegible] of the wheel at the top of the [illegible] hour the lever and pencil [illegible] mark on the paper, and [illegible] miles the wind may have [illegible] At the end of twenty-four hours the paper is removed and the result [illegible] officer can tell at a glance [illegible] wind each hour of the [illegible] strument is unerring in its [illegible] self-registering, saves much [illegible] besides being more accurate.

SHOT BY ACCIDENT.—The Oregonian from down the river, we extract the following particulars concerning the accidental shooting of a young man named Arthur Sherman, of St Helens, named Arthur Sherman, whose name is Griffin. Both of the young men were out hunting near the place on the day forenoon. About 11 o'clock they separated from its uncle while the latter was making a short detour through the woods. While making through the brush, Griffin happened to cross Griffin's path a few rods from him. The brush was almost impenetrable, and in walking in any forward direction a branch from a tree caught the hammer of the gun, causing the weapon to discharge. It happened to point directly at the body of young Griffin, with the following effect: the [illegible] through the body and [illegible] which was heard by Griffin. Griffin, with a loud cry, fell to the ground, and the blood flowed freely. The alarm was given, and Griffin was tenderly borne to the house. The wounded man died at 5 o'clock. Death was caused by the bullet passing through the heart. The family of the deceased reside at St. Helens, and Griffin is one of the most respectable young men of that place. Some months ago he was married to a daughter of Robert Thompson, Esq., of Milton, Columbia county, Oregon. The bereaved parents and family of the deceased have the sympathy of the entire community in their affliction.

ON THE NEW LIGHT-HOUSE.—Soliciting proposals will appear in the [illegible] for the new Government Light-House at Point Adams,

ON AND COMMISSION.

B. RICHARDSON,

CTIONEER,

OF FRONT AND OAK STS.

Auction Sales

TAIL GROCERIES, GENERAL MER-
HANDISE AND HORSES

---Wednesday and Saturday.

At Private Sale.

ment of GROCERIES and LIQUORS
advances made on Consignments
to Fitting Housekeeping. I will mention
rchase Second-Hand Furniture.
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer

lar and Peremptory Sale

OF

Real Estate,

ITURE, GROCERIES,

L MERCHANDISE, ETC.

I will sell at my Auction salesroom,

TURDAY, JULY 26, 1873,

At 10 o'clock, A. M.,

REAL ESTATE.

Lot of lots No. seventy-(7) and eighty-a (8)
x100 feet situated on Main street be-
and seventh streets. Together with
one-story cottage, an abundance of
premises.

ALSO

FURNITURE,

e PARLOR SET Furniture
e WALNUT Bedroom Set
e TURKISH EASY CHAIR
LNUT WHAT-NOTS
ROMOS and ENGRAVINGS,

ALSO,

R and SPRING MATTRASSES
NKETS, BED-SPREADS, SHEETS,
OW-SLIPS, PILLOWS

kery, Glassware, Etc.

GROCERIES,

chests JAPAN TEA
chests BLACK TEA,
bxs SOAP,
hf bbls SUGAR,
bxs SMOKED HERRING,
bxs SAPONIA,
bxs TOILET SOAP,
kegs & F SYRUP,
bxs PEARL BARLEY,
bxs SAGO,
cases ASSORTED PIE FRUIT,
cases TURTLE SOUP,
cases CONDENSED MILK.

ED ROOM,
DINING ROOM, and
ITCHEN FURNITURE

B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

PECIAL SALE

OF

le Business Property!

I will sell at my Auction Salesroom,

AY, PAY, AUGUST 2d,

At 10 o'clock, A. M.

ortion of Block 112 (known as the
Y BLOCK), commencing at the south-
of said block; thence running north
; thence west to low water mark; thence
60) feet; thence west to the place of be-

ALSO,

part of Block 112, commencing forty
n the southwest corner of said block;
ning north forty-two (42) feet; thence east
; thence south forty-two (42) feet;
to the place of beginning. Together with
and a half story BRICK WAREHOUSE.

ALSO,

ional part of Block 112, commencing
feet from the southwest corner of said block;
ning north forty-one (41) feet;
o low water mark; thence south forty-
; thence west to place of beginning,
h one story BRICK and STONE WARE-

rt. Terms, one half Cash; balance in
hs; deferred payments to bear interest
the premises, with interest at the rate
ent. per annum.

ties desiring to invest in CHOICE RE-
ERTY are particularly requested to at-

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

RAILROADS.

& California R. R. Co.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

LAND AND ROSEBURG

As follows:

VE. ARRIVE

:15 A. M. | Roseburg ..... 7:15 P. M.
:15 A. M. | Portland..... 4:20 P. M.

ina (with Pullman Palace Cars attached) run
y excepted) between

LAND AND JUNCTION

As follows:

VE. ARRIVE

:05 A. M. | Junction..... 4:00 P. M.
:00 A. M. | Portland..... 5:45 P. M.

nections are made at ROSEBURG with
the Oregon and California Stage Com-

---le at all the principal points in Ore-
a and the East at Company's Office
Front Sts., at Ferry Landing,
PORTLAND.

l be charged on freight remaining in
ver 24 hours.

ll not be received for shipment after 5
J. C. HILDRETH, Gen'l Supt.
E. P. ROGERS,
Gen'l Freight and Passenger A.

egon Central R. R. Co.,

[redacted]

N AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 5,
nd until further notice, run FREIGHT
NGER TRAINS from

AND TO ST. JOSEPH,

at Cornelius with trains for Forest
Joseph for all points South and West-
Minnville, Amity, Monmouth, Inde-
na Vista and Corvallis.

VE. ARRIVE

8:00 A. M. | St Joseph ..... 11:00 A. M.
12:00 M | Portland..... 3:30 A. M.

DAYS trains will run as follows:

8:00 A. M | St Joseph ..... 11:00 A. M.
2:00 P. M. | Portland..... 5:00 P. M.

Fourth street siding on

received at the Portland Warehouse and
ny a Wharf and will not be received
after 5 P. M.

H. THIELSEN, General Sup't.
Freight and Passenger Agent.

NOTICE.

AND CALIFORNIA R. R.

SPECIAL EXPRESS TRAIN WILL
ce running on Sunday June 8, 1873, be-
M and PORTLAND, stopping at Mil-
on City, Ashland and Gervais.

TIME AS FOLLOWS

VE. ARRIVE

6:15 A M | Portland ..... 7:15 P. M.
4:45 P M | Salem ..... 5:45 A. M.

J. C. HILDRETH, Gen'l Supt.

cago, Rock Island and

IFIC RAILROAD.

[redacted]

nt Central Iowa Short Line

VERLAND ROUTE.

its connections East and West.

rtest, Quickest and Best Route
between the

ific and Atlantic,

VIA

es, Rock Island and Chicago.

ROUTE CARRYING THE THROUGH
ND LETTER MAIL—making close
connections at OMAHA with trains
the West.

al and Union Pacific Railroads,

AND AT CHICAGO.

EXPRESS TRAINS East, North and
South

elegantly furnished Parlor Sleeping
ed on any Railroad are now built
on by this Company) between Co-
ain by this Company) between Co-

TICKETS to all points East, can be
ic Oregon & California Railroad Office.
gon. And at C. P. R. R. offices in San
Sacramento.
r Tickets read via Rock Island.
A. M. ELLIS,
Agent, Chicago.

General Passenger Agent, Chicago.
ODLE General Sup't, Chicago.
CELE, Passenger Agent, San Francisco.

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 25, 1873.

CITY.

IN OPERATION.—After some delay, all the necessary apparatus was received, a few weeks ago, by Mr. Evans, of the Signal Service, and for the self-registering anemometer, which for the first time has been put up, and is now in working order. Mr. Evans' intention, in making the anemometer of the simplest kind, was to place the anemometer of the signal service at Robinson Hill, and connect the instrument with his office by means of a telegraph wire. A better and more exposed location could hardly have been selected. The altitude of the spot would have enabled the instrument to record the least breath of wind, from a gentle zephyr to a violent gale; and the feat of ascertaining from whence the various winds could be ascertained, and the direction of hills, and the natural irregularities of the country, to produce counter currents or cause the winds to veer from their general course. Some obstacles presented themselves, and the design was at length abandoned. It was next determined to mount the anemometer on the tower of the new Central School house, but some objections being made, that was also given up, and Mr. Evans concluded to place the instrument above his present office, which is in the third story of Parrish's block, building, corner of Front and Washington streets. An iron shaft about 30 feet high has been raised from the roof of the building to the top of which is placed a small wheel similar in appearance to the ordinary wind-mill, which is capable of revolving in a perpendicular direction, the wheel turns horizontally. This wheel, the wheel turns horizontally. This wheel is so nicely poised as to be sensitive to the least impulse of the wind. The rapidity with which it is caused to revolve depends entirely on the force and velocity of the wind. Motion is given to this wheel by telegraphic wires, which connect with the registering apparatus operating by a small gearing, the latter being very similar to a clock. Around a small roller is wrapped a piece of paper on which is printed the hours and minutes, each indicated by light and heavy strokes. A small delicate lever, to one end of which is fastened a pencil point, works directly over the face of the marked paper. The velocity of the wind is indicated by so many revolutions of the wheel at the top of the shaft. Every time the wheel and pencil will make a small mark on the paper, and also the number of miles the wind may have traveled in that time. At the end of the twenty-four hours the paper is removed and the result marked down. The paper can tell at a glance the velocity of the wind at any time of the twenty-four. This invention is a big thing in its results, and being quite simple, has much time and trouble [illegible] accurate.

SHORT ADDRESS.—To a gentleman just from [illegible] we are indebted for the following concerning the accidental death of [illegible] who resided at St. Helens, Columbia county, Oregon, with his uncle, Mr. Arden Smith, by his uncle. Both uncle and nephew were out hunting on the river on last Monday afternoon, and about 4 o'clock young Smith started off with the intention of [illegible] through the woods. While [illegible] path, passing but a few rods [illegible] brush at that point was [illegible] While Griffin was [illegible] the overhanging [illegible] caught the hammer of his gun, [illegible] discharge. The gun [illegible] directly towards where young [illegible] lying. The ball took effect in the [illegible] passing entirely through [illegible] also the left hand, which [illegible] side. Smith uttered [illegible] ran to see what the [illegible] of his consternation, [illegible] saw him lying on the [illegible] flowing profusely. [illegible] the wounded man was [illegible] to the nearest neighbors' [illegible] were thought to be of a [illegible] that he gradually grew [illegible] evening until about 12 years. His [illegible] The uncle, poor [illegible] and feel greatly [illegible]

[illegible]—Work we learn [illegible] of a few weeks [illegible] lighthouse, near [illegible] vision for the erection [illegible] made. Months ago [illegible] outhouses, etc., [illegible] ington, and after an [illegible] rived. The plans for [illegible] sent to the Depart- [illegible] a few weeks since, and are now in Washington. Within two weeks work will be begun. The first thing which will be [illegible] and from Fort Stevens [illegible] or the [illegible] station, a distance of [illegible] a quarter. The cost of [illegible] will be about $8,000. When a good [illegible] is secured, the work for the [illegible] of the building will be commenced [illegible] erection of the building [illegible] work.

A NEW TAX BOOK.—Deputy Assessor [illegible] Waters is at present engaged in [illegible] the data for a new tax book to be used in [illegible] the tax roll for the present [illegible] The [illegible] book used are deficient in [illegible] in which the [illegible] are ruled. According to the new [illegible] much of the usual time and [illegible] approved by the Clerk in the [illegible] of the tax rolls is obviated. The [illegible] first carrying out of the figures can be done to the [illegible] part of a cent with [illegible] and without the liability of committing errors, not [illegible] with the old plan. In a few days the [illegible] will be finished, and the work is to be given to the job printer and book binder. The [illegible] will be completed in time for the Clerk to [illegible] his work to place the book in the hand of the Sheriff for the collection of the [illegible] which is required by law to be [illegible] 1st of October.

STEAMER DISPLAY.—After a long, [illegible] but still unavoidable delay, the [illegible] over portions of the apparatus to be used in connection with the new lighthouse at Cape Foulweather, have arrived at their destination. A number of experienced men are engaged in putting up the more complex and intricate apparatus connected with the lamp. All that detains matters is the [illegible] condition of this portion of the work, which is being prosecuted as expeditiously as possible. On the 20th of August, it is intended to display the signal light for the first time.

UP COLUMBIA.—Since the beginning of the [illegible] high water on the Upper Columbia river, work for the improvement of the [illegible] has been entirely suspended. When the water began to rise last May, gangs of men employed at the several points where the channel was being improved, were discharged and [illegible] entirely ceased. Mr. Montgomery, the contractor, proposes to resume work at Umatilla, Rapids, John Day's Rapids and Dalles, Wash., when the stage of water will permit, which will be some time in August.

FOG SIGNAL.—Some months ago, in compliance with recommendations made by Major Symons, a fog signal was erected near Cape [illegible]. This very important government improvement, so far as regards the security of [illegible] and the commercial interests of the [illegible] was completed but a few weeks ago [illegible] the time Major Robert was on an official visit to the Cape he caused the signal to be [illegible] sounding on the 19th of the present month. This signal is so constructed that it will sound eight seconds in every minute.

Hon. G. S. Hinsdale, of Scottsburg, called last evening. He is on the way to San Francisco to purchase machinery for a saw mill which he and others design erecting on the Umpqua at Gardiner. During his stay in the city he will examine the facilities of the machine shop here for doing the work and if they compare favorably with San Francisco prices it may be that the machinery will be made here. The capacity of the mill will be 20,000 feet of lumber per day, which will be carried to San Francisco by their own vessels.

ONLY THREE WEEKS.—There was a mutual understanding among the several Judges of the Supreme Court, at the time that judicial body convened at Salem last Monday, that the term should not continue longer than three weeks. This arrangement was entered into, so as to enable the Judges to attend court in each of the [illegible] active circuits. If the Supreme Court [illegible] in session longer than the time agreed upon, the regular terms of [illegible] of the Circuits would have to [illegible]

A SMART ON.—Although the little episode occurred some weeks ago it is not too old to tell. On the day following the 'Glorious Fourth,' as Charley Graham was taking it easy in front of his tonsorial establishment, a pretty maiden, not yet out of her teens, who in all probability hailed from Washington county, approached him and requested that he should do her ringlets up in style, as she desired to have her beautiful visage transferred to plate by the photographic artist. Of course Charley would attend to her, and thereupon entered upon the task, which occupied the whole of two mortal hours. When the work was completed the young lady desired him to wait until she returned from the photographer's, when she would bring the required sum to liquidate the debt incurred. Charley waited, and is still waiting. He maliciously hopes that the Miss, the next time she goes to Dennie's for a picture a fly will perch upon her proboscis and the measles will immediately take possession of her fragile form. Rather an ungallant remark for such a gallant man as Graham professes to be.

IN TROUBLE.—Concerning Major Barter who was local editor on the *Bulletin* for the brief space of one week, a Sound paper says: "Maj Barter the correspondent of a paper at Portland, went to Neah Bay for the purpose of studying the habits, language, etc., etc., of the natives of that place. The gallant major, it appears devoted himself in another direction, so assiduously in fact that his health required him to depart very suddenly from the regions of the Cape. He came to Port Townsend and, finding an obliging friend, borrowed $10 and decamped for Victoria, without paying the Indian who brought him out of danger's way, and beautifully bilking his friend. It will be well for Major Barter to keep clear of Port Townsend, as well as Neah Bay.

FINGERS CUT OFF.—Mr. Brubaker, the proprietor of the Oriental Saloon, met with a severe and painful accident on Wednesday evening. He was engaged in lifting a barrel of liquor on a box, when the latter slipped from under, and allowed the barrel to come down on the floor. Three of the fingers on his left hand were caught between the chime and the floor, and almost entirely severed. Nothing held the cut portions together but a small fragment of skin. The injuries are of a very painful character, and will probably result in the partial disablement of the hand for life.

SNAG PULLER.—For the last month and a half work for the improvement of the channel on the upper Wallamet has been progressing actively. The Government snag-puller is at present tearing out stumps, logs and old snags above Salem. The intention is to push the work forward during the summer and fall months. Before the work closes next winter a great improvement in the channel of the river will be noticeable.

REGULAR TERM.—Although about 75 chancery suits remain on the Circuit Court calender untouched from the last term, which closed on Saturday, there will be no more court until Fall. Under the old law, the Fall term of the Circuit Court convened on the second Monday in November; but according to the new regulations, the term will commence one month sooner—on the second Monday of October.

MACHINERY RUNNING.—A portion of the machinery for the new woolen mills at Oregon City has been in operation since last Saturday. All the machinery has arrived and will be put up at once. Several sets of cards have been running. The machinery is being put up very rapidly and the mills will be in full operation in a few weeks.

A FALSE REPORT.—Rumors have been extensively circulated on the streets that Mr. E. J. Northrup, the well known hardware dealer, is sick with the smallpox. Last evening we received a note from him, which states that the report is wholly false. He was attending to his duties yesterday, and was never in better health.

TO BE CONSTRUCTED.—We are informed by Major Roberts that an appropriation has been made for the erection of a fog signal at New Dungeness, Straits of Fuca. Arrangements have been effected, and operations will be inaugurated in the course of a month.

Hugh Small, who has been absent from the city for the last two months, traveling all over Southern Oregon and corresponding for the OREGONIAN, returned to Portland on Wednesday. He is in good health, and enjoyed his tour of observation very much.

TO HOLD COURT.—Judge Upton, immediately after the adjournment of the Supreme Court, now in session at Salem, will go to Astoria to hold court for Clatsop county. The term will open for that county on the second Tuesday of August.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Rev. W. R. Stewart, who will be in the city next Sunday to deliver the anniversary address for the Y. M. C. A., will occupy Dr. Lindsley's pulpit next Sunday morning.

PERSONAL.

Miss Edith O'Gorman who created such a sensation in this city some time ago, is reported to have failed in a recent attempt to deliver a lecture in Toronto, Canada.

Major H. M. Robert, accompanied by Mr. Geo. L. Plympton, Superintendent of Repairs for this district, have just returned from an official visit to the Sound. Every light house and fog signal situated along the coast was carefully inspected by these gentlemen. With but minor exceptions the results of the official inspections proved very satisfactory, everything being found in good order and in working trim.

Gen. Jeff. C. Davis, Commander of the Department of Columbia, was at Walla Walla yesterday morning, and will arrive in this city to-morrow evening. Since the subjugation of the Modocs, Gen Davis has traversed the extensive regions lying east of the Cascades, between the southern boundary of the State and Washington Territory. Now that the war has been brought to a termination and his presence no longer required in the field in active service, the General will be likely to take up his residence here, and for the time being become a citizen of Portland. In behalf of the public we extend a cordial welcome to General Davis.

FINALLY DECIDED.

It is an old but true saying that a man is known by the books he reads and the company he keeps. This saying is illustrative of the great sewing machine war, in which nearly all the second-class machines have played prominent parts, expending much ammunition and making forced marches attended with great loss. But our readers have not seen the name of the world renowned GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE flourished before the people in the above connection, and this dignified reserve has established the popularity of the GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE, now and forever. It stands on its respectability and merits. These machines make the ELASTIC STITCH and SHUTTLE STITCH, and will be sold on installments of $10 per month. W. T. Shanahan, agent, 71 First street.

FOR SALE AT AUCTION,
Upon Easy Terms.

That most desirable property known as "THE DISTILLERY," adjoining the Railroad Ferry Landing; having a frontage of 125 feet, with a depth of 150 feet to low water mark, and with the privilege of further constructing a wharf and warehouse to the river channel. Also including a large two and a half story substantial stone and brick building—suitable for a warehouse or store—and a one story fire proof warehouse. This property is adjacent to the Steamship Wharves, Railroad depot Ferryboat landing and near the proposed Rail and Wagon road bridge to East Portland. Lakewise in view of the North Pacific railroad, which crosses the river near that point and is the best piece of business property in Portland. This valuable estate will enhance in value rapidly with the increasing demand for wharfage and for other business purposes. It will be sold in three separate parts. The first the vacant part adjoining the Ferryboat landing. The second part comprising the large Stone and Brick building. The third part including the Fire proof building.

The value of this property as an investment and for business purposes cannot be surpassed.

Sold by A. B. Richardson, Saturday, Aug 2d.

Married ladies, under all circumstances, will find *Parsons Purgative Pills* safe, and, in small doses, a mild cathartic. They cause no griping pains or cramp.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Unbrellas below par.

Wasn't it warm yesterday?

River full of new boats every morning.

Fresh supplies Sunday of fish, etc., at Quinn's.

Unexcelled is Dabney's coffee, at Central Market.

The Opera Troupe to arrive next Wednesday.

The pumping process continues on Stark street.

The bark *Rival* is taking on salmon at Westport for San Francisco.

Mrs. Carrie F. Young, the temperance lecturer, was at Salt Lake City on the 19th inst.

Last Tuesday there were fully one hundred and twenty-five persons summering at Clatsop.

Another large invoice of postal cards is expected by the Postmaster to arrive on the next steamer.

Work on Parrish's brick building will be suspended for a few days in consequence of the need of iron.

Will we listen to sweet strains of music in the plaza Saturday, and what say the Portland Brass Band?

The ship *Medallion* has been taken to the east side wharf, where she will receive a cargo of wheat for Europe.

Great columns of smoke were observed rising from the timber north of the city, yesterday. A big fire was raging.

A collection of about $100 was taken up last Sabbath morning in the First Presbyterian Church for the aid of needy young men preparing for the ministry.

Owing to the increase of business the American Laundry has removed to more commodious quarters in North Portland. Their office is at the American Exchange barber shop.

Wick Macrum will launch his trim craft, which he has christened "Charlotte," on Saturday. It is made of cedar throughout, with single scull outriggers, and is his own handiwork.

A school girl who said in her essay "let us avoid the frivolities of life and pursue the noblest ends only, was moved to tears the next day because she could not decide upon the proper shade for her complexion.

There were two weddings among the Chinese this week, the principals being members of the firm of Ching Ye Loong & Co. The usual high-toned feasts were indulged in at the Chinese hotel on Alder street, and all is lovely.

THE COURTS.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—DEADY J.

THURSDAY, July 24, 1873.

United States vs. Charles Blair—disposing of liquor to an Indian; verdict of acquittal.

United States vs. William Forsythe—same offense; cause on trial.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Mr. H. H. Tuttle advertises new wagons and farming implements.

It seems natural like to see Woodard on the corner of Front and Alder streets. There he is, and he awaits your bidding.

A "Domestic" Luxury.—It is acknowledged by competent judges—those who have tried all—that the light-running "Domestic" Sewing Machines are the latest, cheapest, and best for manufactory or family use, combining simplicity, noiseless motion, easiest to operate, lock stitch, straight needle, self-adjusting tension, requiring no change from Swiss to soft-leather. Sold at Chicago prices, and on the easiest possible terms. Call and see them. See their advertisement elsewhere.

Importance of Healthy Blood.

Every drop of blood that circulates through the veins eventually becomes a solid particle of the body. Flesh, bone and muscle are merely solidified blood, and upon the quality of the blood depends the condition of the whole physical system. Unless the liquid material by which the human substance is renewed and sustained is pure and nutritious it is impossible that the body can be healthy and strong. One of the most important properties of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is that of improving the condition of the vital fluid when infected or impoverished. Acting directly and powerfully upon the stomach, in which the manufacture of the blood is commenced, and upon the liver which secretes a fluid next in importance to the alimentary of life itself, this powerful vegetable tonic and depurent has an immense indirect influence upon the circulation; Hence the extraordinary cures wrought by the Bitters in cases of general debility, malarious fevers, rheumatism, biliousness, constipation, &c.

A fact worth remembering—Five cents' worth of *Sheridan's Condition Powders*, given to a horse twice a week, will save double that amount in grain, and the horse will be fatter, sleeker, and every way worth more money than though he did not have them.

Some people may become excited over the "terminus" of the Northern Pacific Railroad, on Puget Sound, but it does not disturb Beck & Waldman, corner Front and Washington streets, in the least, as they intend to pursue the usual course to their customers, and that is to sell goods at prices which will enable those with limited means to clothe themselves with good clothing at a very small outlay of money. Parents should bring their children to this house for neat fitting suits.

Why linger in blissful ignorance? Why do you wander about seeking a place where they keep the largest and finest stock of Summer Clothing? Why pay high prices for goods when the fact has been long established that the great firm of J. KOHN & Co., 91 Front street, sell Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods so cheap? They keep the best, they sell the cheapest, and what more can be asked?

IT IS NO FICTION.—Dr. Wistar's *Balsam of Wild Cherry* has cured and is now curing thousands of sufferers from that terrible disease, consumption. Do not hesitate a moment, but provide yourself with this cure, which has had an enviable reputation for nearly half a century.

Why has SOZODONT become the staple Dentrifice of America? Simply because it is impossible to use it even for a week, without perceiving its hygienic effect upon the teeth, the gums and the breath. 29.

G. A. R.—**Baker Post No. 1.**—Regular meeting every Thursday evening at Nohrnell Hall, corner First and Madison streets. All comrades in good standing invited to attend. By order of

POST COMMANDER.

Harmony Lodge, No. 12, A. F. & A. M.—Regular Communications on the Second and Fourth Monday evening of each month. By order of the

W. M.

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock, in Odd Fellow's Temple, corner First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of

N. G.

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellow's Temple, corner of First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of

N. G.

ARE YOU LAME?

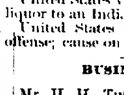
With Rheumatism, Gout, Stiff Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Partial Paralysis or Lame Back? Are you afflicted with Neuralgia, Nervous Headache, Tooth ache, Earache, Sore Throat, Colic, Cramps, Pleurisy, Pain in the Breast or Sides, or any internal or external aches or pains? If so, use the never failing family remedy, PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL. Price—small fifty cents, large one dollar. For sale by all druggists.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD!

Cure Scrofulous Eruptions, Skin Diseases, Heal old Sores, regulate your Bowels, invigorate your Liver, cure Fever and Ague, Constipation, Piles and Dyspepsia with the Great Vegetable Blood Purifier and Liver Regulator, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. Price—one dollar. For sale by all druggists.

A. M. BOYLE & CO., Druggists and Chemists
sp24 2p6m San Francisco, Sole Proprietors

For Sandwich Islands, Direct.



THE A-1 BARK

CLARA LOUISE,

CAPTAIN WM H SUMMERS,

IS DAILY EXPECTED FROM THE SANDWICH ISLANDS, and on her arrival will have quick dispatch for the same place.

For freight or passage apply to

J. McCRAKEN & CO.,
14 and 16 N. Front street.

jy26dw1m

AT SAN FRANCISCO COST.

Doors, Windows and Blinds

OF ALL SIZES.

Call and See our Immense Stock.

EVERDING & FARRELL,
150 Front street.

WANTS.

WANTED.

$6,000 TO LOAN FOR TWO YEARS, ON good improved city property. Interest will be paid monthly. Inquire of H. HOYD 72 First street.

jy26tf

WANTED!

$10,000 GOLD COIN!

INTEREST PAYABLE SEMI ANNUALLY FOR one or two years—two years preferable—for which good freehold security will be given.

Apply to the President of the Albany and Santiam Canal Company, at Albany, Oregon.

PRESIDENT ALBANY & SANTIAM CANAL CO.
jy26d

TO LET.

TO HIRE

BY THE DAY OR WEEK.—ONE EXPRESS wagon with horse and harness all in best condition. Apply to

J. M. G. KAUFER.

FOR RENT.

A NEW HOUSE WITH BATH ROOM ON 9TH street. Rent reasonable to a permanent tenant. Apply to

G. W. TRAVER,
Agency Home S. M. Odd Fellow's Temple.

FOR RENT.

THE ST. CHARLES HOTEL, WELL FURNISHED throughout, on reasonable terms. Apply to

R. A. WHITE,
N. E. corner Fourth and B sts.

jy25tf

FOR RENT.

THE STORE AT PRESENT OCCUPIED BY Mendenhall & Co., situate in St. Charles building, will be for rent on August 1st. Apply to

R. A. WHITE,
N. E. cor. Fourth and B sts.

jy23dtaug1

TO LET.

A FINE SUIT OF FURNISHED ROOMS SUITable for a gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen, with or without board. Apply at No. 1 Semple's Block, corner of Washington and East Park streets.

jy16dtf

FOR RENT.

THE HOUSE AT PRESENT OCCUPIED BY COL. DENNISON, on Third street, opposite the Botanic Gardens, (late Market Square.) The healthiest locality in town. Inquire at Thompson's Boarding House.

jy18

TO RENT.

THE TWO-STORY BRICK BUILDING 100 FEET deep, now occupied by Walker Bros.

jy1dtf Inquire of S. M. LYON, 61 Front st.

FOR RENT.

A COMMODIOUS NEATLY FURNISHED ROOM having an east front on the northwest corner of Morrison and Ninth streets.

jy5

FOR RENT.

GOOD ROOMS AND OFFICES IN DEKUM'S Brick building. Inquire of

DEKUM & BICKEL,
No. 58 First street, between Stark and Oak.

FOR RENT.

A BRICK STORE ROOM, 25x100 FEET; ALSO, OFFICES in Second Story of Brick Building. Apply at

THIS OFFICE

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT,

S. E. COR. WASHINGTON AND FIFTH STS. CLEANEST IN TOWN.

AMUSEMENTS.

Prof. O. S. Fowler's Lectures.

CONSULTATIONS, ETC., WILL BE GIVEN IN Lafayette Court House July 12th to 15th; Myers' Hall, Oregon City, 16th to 18th; Reed's Opera House, Salem, 19th to 20th; Court House, Corvallis, 23th to 29th; Opera House, Albany, 31st to August 3d; Eugene City, Roseburg, Jacksonville, Yreka, Shasta, Red Bluff, etc., in this geographical order, allowing about three days to each place.

All his new works for sale. They have outsold all other works on this coast.

LADLAW & GATE,

IMPORTERS

And Commission Merchants,

23 FRONT STREET,

OFFER FOR SALE, IN WAREHOUSE AND shortly to arrive per Vesta,

AT SPECIAL RATES TO JOBBERS,

Calcutta Double-sewed Gunny Sacks,
Wheat Bags, 22x36,
Oat Bags, 20x36,
Ore Bags, 17x21.

Malt Liquors:

DEVENISH CHAMPAGNE ALE, qts and pints;
ARROL'S PALE ALE, pints;
McEWAN'S EDINBURGH ALE, quarts
TENNENT'S PALE ALE quarts and pints;
BASS' PALE ALE, in bulk;
BLOOD, WOLFE & CO'S Stout Porter, qts. pts;
BASS' LONDON PORTER, quarts and pints.

Wines:

PORT, in octaves and quarter casks,
SHERRY, in octaves and quarter casks;
CHAMPAGNE, Heidsieck.

Spirits:

MARTELL'S COGNAC BRANDY, bulk and cases;
HENNESSY'S BRANDY, bulk and cases,
CAMPBELTON'S SCOTCH WHISKY, bulk and cs.
OLD TOM GIN cases.

Other Goods:

J. T. MORTON'S ENGLISH PICKLES and SAUCES;
SALAD OIL;
CAPERS;
SPANISH OLIVES,
CURRY POWDER,
COLEMAN'S ENGLISH MUSTARD;
RAISINS in boxes, halves and quarters;
ZANTE CURRANTS;
CAUSTIC SODA AND SODA ASH,
No. 1 GENUINE PATNA RICE;
HOLLOW WARE etc.

Peoria Starches:

SATIN GLAZE and CORN, in 6 and 12-lb boxes and pound papers.

Giant Powder, Nos. 1 and 2.

Agents for

LEA & PERRIN'S WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE;
PEORIA STARCH COMPANY.

Liberal advances made on consignments of Flour, Wheat and other produce.

Orders for FOREIGN MERCHANDISE executed on advantageous terms.

HALL'S PATENT FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES!

A NUMBER OF THESE SUPERIOR SAFES CAN now be seen at the Agricultural store of Knapp, Burrell & Co. The Hall Safes are

Superior to any Now in Use,

THESE SAFES ARE ABSOLUTELY FIRE PROOF

Books and Papers deposited in the Hall Safes are Warranted not to Mould.

These Safes all have

Hall's Patent Combination Lock, Without Either Key or Keyhole!

The Safes throughout are of

Superior Workmanship

AND ELEGANT FINISH

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Since a Branch House was established in San Francisco a few months ago, over $75,000 worth of these safes have been sold to the prominent Bankers, Merchants and County Officials of California.

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Several Good Second-hand Safes for Sale Cheap.

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The Finest Stock in the City.

HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD AND BOARDED AT REASONABLE RATES.

Hacks for Funerals reduced to $5 00.

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HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR GOLD DUST AND Bars. Tests made with care, and assays of Gold and Silver, Copper, Lead, Antimony, Nickel, Chrome, Plumbago, Tin, Iron, Chinaclay, Lime and other metals. Analysis of Mineral Waters and all other substances.

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Double and Single Blocks and Lots for sale in Couch's Addition. Terms easy.

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DEALER IN WINES AND LIQUORS AND MANufacturer of Syrups, Cordials, Bitters, etc., etc. Sole agent for John Welland's Philadelphia Brewery, San Francisco. Beer by the keg or bottle. Goods delivered to any part of the city.

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IMMIGRANTS AND OTHERS IN WANT OF Cheap Lands should call on me before buying. I can accommodate them with large or small tracts, improved or otherwise, in this and adjoining counties. Terms easy.

Two NEAT COTTAGES, conveniently located to business, and several SMALL FARMS, for rent. Office, 143 Front street.

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FOR SALE.

850,000 Acres Land

IN SOUTHERN OREGON.

Title Perfect—U. S. Land Grant Fully Confirmed.

THE "PACIFIC LAND COMPANY," INCORPORated with capital stock of 5,000 shares of par value of $240 each, have purchased the road and entire land grant of the "OREGON CENTRAL MILITARY ROAD COMPANY," consisting of over 850,000 acres of

Agricultural, Grazing and Timber Lands,

Passing from Eugene City, (125 miles from Portland by Railroad), through the splendid "Lake Country," to Silver City, near the border of Idaho.

Each share of the PACIFIC LAND COMPANY thus representing now over 160 acres of land, and is UNASSESSABLE.

Three thousand shares belong to the Company, and will be offered for sale by us, the entire proceeds of which will go into the Treasury.

The first one thousand shares will be offered at $120 per share, United States Currency—say at the rate of 75 cents per acre. Every share will also be received at its par value of $240 in payment for land, as soon as the appraisals are made. Such shares will then be cancelled and not released, and a deed given to the purchaser.

The land will be appraised at moderate rates, in accordance with its actual value, as soon as practicable, in sections of 640 acres, and at not less than $1 50 per acre, U. S. Currency, and offered for sale. Actual settlers, however, always having preference.

We refer, as to the character of this magnificent grant of land, to CLARENCE KING, Esq., late U. S. Geologist for this coast, who is familiar with it from personal observation, also to the elaborate report of the Hon. B. J. Pengra, late Surveyor General of Oregon, on this road and lands, from which we quote: "There is but very little of the entire grant but what is valuable for either Farming, Grazing or Lumbering purposes."

As shares are cancelled, the average of acres to the remaining shares will naturally increase, apart from cash sales dividends will be declared.

IMMIGRANTS,

BY BUYING THESE SHARES, CAN SECURE GOOD LANDS, WITH A PERFECT TITLE, AT LESS THAN GOVERNMENT RATES.

For Certificates of Trust Funds, the shares of the PACIFIC LAND COMPANY combine absolute security, based on the lands with promise of large returns and no investment can be better for CHILDREN, as the value of the property must increase enormously in a few years.

Remittances for shares can be sent to us by Wells, Fargo & Co. or in registered letters.

Full particulars, maps and a descriptive pamphlet can be obtained at our office, where the subscription book for the shares is now open.

YOUNG & PAXSON,
Agents for the Pacific Land Company,
Office No. 424 Montgomery St., San Francisco.

President—H. F. TESCHEMAKER. Directors—J. S. PAXSON, OLIVER ELDRIDGE, J. R. BARBOE and H. P. CUTLER, of San Francisco.

References—I. C. AINSWORTH, S. G. REED and W. S. LADD, of Portland; B. J. PENGRA, Springfield, near Eugene.

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GROUND FROM MINUTE CRYSTAL PEBBLES melted together, and derive their name "Diamond" on account of their hardness and transparency. They will last many years without change, and are warranted superior to all others in use. Manufactured by the

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Sole Agent for Portland, Oregon, from whom they only be obtained. No peddlers employed. daw

COLEMAN'S EUCALYPTUS

Dr. J. S. Coleman's Compound Extract of

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 25, 1873.

DONALDSON.

THE MAN WHO PROPOSES TO CROSS THE OCEAN IN A BALLOON.

Prof Donaldson has been interviewed by a reporter, with the following result:

Donaldson's first ascension was made in Reading last August, and since then he has visited the clouds twenty-four times in various parts of the South and West. He has lost several balloons; been bruised, scratched and injured in many ways; has been dropped into the Atlantic and ducked in Lake Michigan; has been thrown against chimneys and landed in trees; has been lost, given up as dead, and found again, has put on his citizen's dress while two and a half miles high; has bursted and cut his balloon over a mile from earth; has performed on the trapeze, for the benefit of an oracle, a mile above the clouds, and has won the distinction of being the most reckless and daring aeronaut in the known world.

After giving the detailed account of his performances above mentioned, the reporter inquired: "What is the most daring thing you do, Professor?" Donaldson replied: "Well, to my mind, I have done nothing daring or reckless. A little trick which is amusing, and which I intended to do, will be done in this manner: I always go up without a basket on the bare trapeze bar. In the act where I fall backward and catch myself by the toes, I will have the bars arranged so that it breaks as I fall, allowing me to tumble some twelve feet toward the earth, when I shall be caught by a rope. I also have it to break and catch myself with my right hand. This will be done when I am a half mile high, and it will be well calculated to amuse the people.

Reporter—What would you call reckless performing?

Donaldson—I should like to anchor two balloons in the air about half a mile, walk a rope attached to both of them. That might be called reckless by nervous people. However, I dislike the business of frightening people. I shall hereafter pay more attention to scientific ballooning.

R.—How about your proposed ocean trip?

D.—I shall cross the Atlantic Ocean by balloon next summer, if I can satisfactorily arrange things by that time. I am positive it can be done, and I am determined to do it. During my limited experience as an aeronaut I have obtained many things that render it conclusive to my mind that the voyage can be successfully accomplished. I shall construct three balloons, have them joined together, with boat, ballast, provisions, and all the necessary requirements, and thus equipped, I shall start in a calm season and perform the journey in about two days and a half. I shall make a voyage first, however, from St. Louis to Boston.

R.—How do you navigate the air?

D.—That is one of the discoveries of aeronauting. It is an established fact that at a certain altitude, say two and a half miles, there is a current of wind blowing from west to east. I shall ascend to the current, and with it travel the 2,000 miles in about two days and a half.

R.—But is there not a possibility of failure?

D.—None that I can discover. I shall feel above the ocean as I always feel above the land, just as secure as I feel at this moment sitting in this chair. Of course I shall have a basket attached to the balloon on my ocean voyage.

R.—How high have you ever been, Professor?

D.—My barometer has indicated over three miles. I stand and perform on the bar in my performing clothes, and when out of sight, above the clouds, I put my citizen's clothes on while standing on the bar.

R.—What is the ocean trip to cost?

D.—About $5,000.

After giving the reporter a graphic description of the many phenomena to be witnessed above the clouds, the lights and shadows, the true causes of rain and hail, and many other interesting subjects, the interview closed. The aeronaut is in excellent health.

THE BIBLE IN THE SCHOOLS.

THE OHIO DECISION—HOW THE QUESTION AROSE, AND WHAT IS TO BE DONE BY THE PEOPLE TO PRESERVE THEIR SCHOOLS FROM THE WITHERING GRASP OF THE PRIESTS.

[From the Cincinnati Gazette, 24th.]

The Supreme Court yesterday decided the case of the injunction granted by the Superior Court of Cincinnati against the Board of Education, restraining it from carrying out the following order:

Resolved, That religious instruction and the reading of religious books, including the Holy Bible, are prohibited in the common schools of Cincinnati, it being the true object and intent of this rule to allow the children of the parents and all sects and opinions in matters of faith and worship to enjoy alike the benefit of the common school fund.

Resolved, That so much of the regulations on the course of study and text books in the intermediate and district schools (p. 213, Annual Report) as reads as follows: "The opening exercises in every department shall commence by reading a portion of the Bible by or under the direction of the teacher, and appropriate singing by the pupils," be repealed.

The substance of the decision is that the Constitution of the State does not enjoin or require religious instruction or the reading of religious books in the public schools of the State, and that the law having placed the management of the public schools under the exclusive control of directors, trustees, and boards of education, courts have no rightful authority to interfere by directing what instruction shall be given or what books shall be read in the schools.

The events which preceded this injunction case may have passed from the minds of some. There had been some negotiations with the Roman Catholic authority with regard to bringing their children into the public schools, and removing what they regarded as causes of offense. These had failed. Then there was a combination of Catholics and others in the school board, which brought forth these orders from the board. It lacked the pretense of removing causes of offense, and with its sweeping character and offensive form was regarded as a prescription of all books which had any element of religion in them.

This raised much feeling in the community. The fact that many Roman members of the board took part in it, who by their church authorities have to be enemies to the public schools presented it as an attack on them. And the part taken by the infidels and the offensive form of this order presented it in the shape of a contest between Christianity and atheism. In the popular excitement the ready resort of an injunction was appealed to, and this was granted after a protracted argument, which, however, was mostly outside the case.

We say, of course, that no one will dispute the decision of the Court that the Constitution does not prescribe religious instruction or the reading of any books in the schools, and that the General Assembly has conferred the administration of our schools on a Board of Education, elected by the citizens of the wards.

The place, therefore, where the remedy is to be applied is in the election of members of the School Board. And this is an occasion to bring forward within the necessity for a reform in the mode of electing this board. It is now elected by the pocket ward system, and members are chosen who would not venture a contest before the whole body of citizens. The board should be elected at large, or apportioned by the Mayor and Council. Outside of this question of Bible reading, the necessity was imperative for a reform in the mode of creating this board. This event which refers this question of the order of exercises in the schools to the place where it belongs, the election of members of the board, should be an additional power to push forward this reform which is vital to the continued usefulness of the schools.

Advices from Mount Vernon, Indiana, report that the cholera is abating. It has almost depopulated the town. All people who could get away have left, and the banks and business houses are closed. Every person in the place has had the cholera, and in some large families only two members are left. There seems to be no apparent cause for the ravages of the epidemic, as the city is a clean one, and one of the highest points between Evansville and Cairo.

The coronation of Oscar and Sophia, as King and Queen of Norway, took place at Drontheim, the ancient capital of the Norwegian kings. There was a brilliant procession to the Cathedral, to which Prince Arthur represented the Queen of England, and Prince Waleman the King of Denmark. The ceremony of coronation was performed by the bishop of Drontheim.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

THURSDAY EVENING, July 24, 1873.

Gold in New York to-day, 110¾.

Portland Legal Tender notes, 85½ buying, 86½ selling.

Gold bars are quotable at 93c fine.

Wheat in Liverpool: Average Club, 9s 3d; No. 1 Red Club, 12s 9d@12s 9½d.

The week which we have just finished, and this evening, has been full of the greatest quiet in financial circles, and others for the matter of that, most. That our merchants have escaped the many dishonors which beset them last year when, as is generally admitted, the supply of funds was less than now, indicates a strong hope that this year they will even pull through with more ease. The gradual increase in renewal of the stringency experienced the year has made merchants more careful in laying plans for their operations this fall, and while the amount of available capital is doubtless much larger than at the opening of the past harvest year, and the grain buyers more numerous, we find that but few offers are making, either to buy or sell the new crop.

There are two classes of men in this, as well as in every other commercial community, who can never agree upon the remedy for a close money market. These are the free money and the usury law men. The former contending that the panacea for all financial ills lies in placing money on an equal footing with other commercial commodities by the repeal of all laws regulating the price for its use, and allowing the enforcement of all respectionable contracts for the use of money as on other subjects. The experience of the past has not demonstrated to our mind clearly the correctness of this theory, and though usury laws are never carried out to the letter, yet they are certainly restraints upon the exorbitant and ruinous rates which would sometimes be imposed without a blush were there no danger in the act. The other class adhere to the opposite doctrine and believe that the restraints of law in this respect tend to keep the trade of the country more strictly in legitimate channels, by checking an inordinate desire to speculation, and that though it may sometimes operate to prevent a great influx of capital which might produce a plentiful if not a plethoric money market, yet it always acts as a barrier to undue and unhealthy inflation perplexing fluctuations, great losses and final bankruptcies.

Tonnage at San Francisco.

The *Call* of the 21st inst., speaking of the Wheat crop of California and the prospective tonnage at San Francisco says:

The new Wheat crop comes forward very slowly, and it is becoming more evident as the month wears away that there is a determination on the part of farmers to hold back for better prices. The receipts for the past week aggregate only 30,660 centals, considerable of which was old Wheat, against 140,715 centals for the corresponding week last year. It cannot be on account of a late harvest that the arrivals are light, for there is no essential difference between this season and last in that respect. Most of the farmers in the State are financially in a much more independent condition than they were last year, while arrangements have been made to a considerable extent by City and Country dealers for cheaper storage and advances at lower rates of interest than usual. The tonnage supply just at present is light, and no great delay has yet been experienced in loading vessels. The supply on the way, however, is liberal, and includes a large number of vessels chartered at pretty high rates. The position has therefore resolved itself into a contest between the holders of the Wheat and of the tonnage, and it is quite evident that one or the other of the parties must before long give way. Thus far the farmers have had the best of it, for freights have materially weakened during the past fortnight.

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—The market to-day discloses no new features. There is more capital available for the purchase of Wheat than at any season known for years, but the offers of grain are comparatively meager. Harvest prospects are bright. But little of the new crop is engaged. The Confidence and Middlesex are being rapidly loaded, and we learn that sufficient Wheat is within call to complete their cargoes. We quote the market at $1 50 ₱ cental.

FLOUR—Stocks in hand here are somewhat less than average with a fair demand for the local trade and some call for shipping. Prices may be quoted firm at $5 ₱ bbl for best brands of Extra; common $4 25@4 75; fine, $4; superfine, $3 75.

BRAN—Owing to some demand for export, an improvement is noted in the tone of the market. Only small lots are offered, however. We quote the market firm at 65c ₱ bushel.

BARLEY—There is a fair demand for home consumption, but prices are rather weakening, owing to the approach of harvest. The yield will be larger in our State this year than last. The market may be quoted at $1 45 ₱ cent.

FEED—The supply is about equal to the demand for local consumption. Bran is quotable at $18@20 ₱ ton; sacked; Chops, Middlings, etc., $22 50@25.

HAY—The receipts have increased, and prices are weak. Good baled Timothy is quotable at $12@13; loose, $10@12.

POTATOES—The market is well supplied, and prices may be quoted at 50@60c per sack. The yield this season is reported large.

ONIONS—A few small lots of new crop have made their appearance, and meet ready sale at 2½@3c per pound.

BUTTER—Inferior lots are in good supply, while the receipts of good table articles have fallen off. The range of the market is from 15c for common, to 25c for best.

CHEESE—The market is fairly supplied with Oregon-made, jobbing at 12c ₱ lb.

BACON—The market is in about the same condition as at last report. Receipts and shipments have been limited during the week under review. We quote shoulders at 8@8c ₱ lb; sides, 10@11½c ₱ lb; hams, 14@15c ₱ lb.

EGGS—Receipts have fallen of considerably, and during the week prices reached 25c per dozen. The market may be quoted at 20@25c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Grown are quotable at $4@5 ₱ doz.; spring may be quoted at $2 50@3 ₱ doz. The market is meagerly supplied.

DRIED APPLES—Very few offering; quotable at 6@7c ₱ lb in sacks and kegs.

BEEF—Some choice lots are arriving from east of the mountains. On foot, 5@5½c ₱ lb.

SHEEP—There is a fair demand for good sheep mutton at 3½@4 50 per head.

PORK—dressed hogs, in good condition, quotable at 6@8c ₱ lb.; choice, 9c.

HIDES—Much activity exists in the market, and buyers are freely paying current prices, which are 6@7c ₱ lb. for green; 7½c for green salted, and 15c for dry, with 10@15 per cent. off for damaged lots.

WOOL—The same activity noted in our last review continues, and buyers are readily found to offer current rates. The receipts of the week have been rather less than last owing, we suppose, principally to the fact that farmers are busily engaged in the hay and early grain harvest, and are making less effort to effect sales. The outgoing steamer will carry about 1,100 bales, some of it a very superior quality, and which will give our product in good reputation abroad if properly credited. Quotations are still firm at 25@27c ₱ lb., though for some choice assorted lots an advance of 1 cent has been paid.

San Francisco Stock Market.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

		SAN FRANCISCO, July 24.	
Ophir	$13¾	Overman	22½
Savage	13¾	Knickerbocker	7½
Point	82	Baltimore	8¾
Empire	37½	Eclipse	1
Belcher	72	Potosi	1
Sierra Nevada	89¾	Ex. S. N.	21
Segregated Belcher	37	Choller	37½
Caledonia	11¾	Imperial	3¾
Globe	¾	Alpha	18
Silver Hill	14½	Con Virginia	71
American Flat	6	Exchequer	6¾
G & C	85¾	Justice	4
B & B	20½	A. & Utah	9½
Jacket	47	Julia	11½
Kentuck	5¾	Senator	3¾
Confidence	65	Jacob Little	3¾
Dancy	17½		

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24—Flour—Market very quiet at $5@5 50 for extra jobbing lots.

Wheat—Receipts very light and very little offering. Immediate delivery exporters pay $1 67½. Lots of old being withdrawn from warehouse to complete cargoes. Millers are compelled to pay $1 70@1 75 for old.

Barley—300 sks new, $1 10; 700 sks, $1 10; 200 sks, $1 12½; 400 sks old Bay brewing, $1 25.

Oats—Weaker sale. 600 sks light old California, $1 65; 700 sks fair new, $1 60; best Oregon not being over $1 85.

Rye—100 sks badly mixed with barley, $1 25; good new, $1 85.

Buckwheat—Consignment 60 sks good new placed at $1 50.

Hay—40 tons good wheat, $11 50; 25 tons fair do, $10 75; cargo choice wheat do, in interior at equivalent to $17 put on market here when $16 25 was bid but original purchaser took it.

Potatoes—Market quite demoralized. Early Coffee Cove will sell for $1 25 from wharf, from that down to 75c.

Beans—Lot of 175 bags fair pink sold at 3c.

Bran—Mill price, $16 50. One lot of 11 tons sold from wharf at $16 25.

Provisions—150 bbls mess pork ex ship, slightly damaged, $17 50; 5 bbls extra clear pork, $18 50; 100 kits pig pickled hocks, beef, $10 50; 15 bbls cal'd ham breast, 11½c; 6 do, 9½c; 2,000 lbs extra clear sides from the East part at 11½c; 10,000 lbs Whatlake's sugar cured hams, 14½c; 10,000 lbs Amour's the latter at 13½c; 20,000 lbs Eastern lard in tierces, and 25 cases California lard, 10½@11c; fine, 12@12½c.

Shipping Intelligence.

The steamship John L. Stephens is announced to sail for San Francisco at 4 A. M. on Saturday.

The Ajax will leave San Francisco for Portland on Saturday night.

The ship Hermine is down the river and ready to go to sea.

There was no report of vessels off the Bar at Astoria this morning, though two or three sailing coasters are due.

The Metachethon was announced as leaving San Francisco for this port on the 19th.

The ship Puritan, which left here with a cargo of flour and lumber for Hongkong, June 19th, arrived at Honolulu July 7th, and would sail for her destination as soon as necessary additions to her crew could be obtained.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24.—Sailed—Eastport, Coos Bay; Gertrude, Bellingham Bay; Neptune, Port Townsend.

General Merchandise.

BAGS AND BAGGING—Prices are weak and standard 22½c are selling in San Francisco at 1½@2per cent less than cost of importation. The same quotations here at Portland. Burlaps 2½@2½c; 1¾@2c; 2¼@2½c; 2½@2¾c; 2¾@3c; 3¼@3½c; 3½@3¾c; 3¾@4c; 4¼@4½c; 4½@4¾c; 4¾@5c; 5¼@5½c; 5½@5¾c; 5¾@6c; 6¼@6½c; 6½@6¾c; 6¾@7c; 7¼@7½c; 7½@7¾c; 7¾@8c; 8¼@8½c; 8½@8¾c; 8¾@9c; 9¼@9½c; 9½@9¾c; 9¾@10c; 10¼@10½c; 10½@10¾c; 10¾@11c; 11¼@11½c; 11½@11¾c; 11¾@12c; 12¼@12½c; 12½@12¾c; 12¾@13c; 13¼@13½c; 13½@13¾c; 13¾@14c; 14¼@14½c; 14½@14¾c; 14¾@15c; 15¼@15½c; 15½@15¾c; 15¾@16c; 16¼@16½c; 16½@16¾c; 16¾@17c; 17¼@17½c; 17½@17¾c; 17¾@18c; 18¼@18½c; 18½@18¾c; 18¾@19c; 19¼@19½c; 19½@19¾c; 19¾@20c; 20¼@20½c; 20½@20¾c; 20¾@21c; 21¼@21½c; 21½@21¾c; 21¾@22c; 22¼@22½c; 22½@22¾c; 22¾@23c; 23¼@23½c; 23½@23¾c; 23¾@24c; 24¼@24½c; 24½@24¾c; 24¾@25c; 25¼@25½c; 25½@25¾c; 25¾@26c; 26¼@26½c; 26½@26¾c; 26¾@27c; 27¼@27½c; 27½@27¾c; 27¾@28c; 28¼@28½c; 28½@28¾c; 28¾@29c; 29¼@29½c; 29½@29¾c; 29¾@30c; 30¼@30½c; 30½@30¾c; 30¾@31c; 31¼@31½c; 31½@31¾c; 31¾@32c; 32¼@32½c; 32½@32¾c; 32¾@33c; 33¼@33½c; 33½@33¾c; 33¾@34c; 34¼@34½c; 34½@34¾c; 34¾@35c; 35¼@35½c; 35½@35¾c; 35¾@36c; 36¼@36½c; 36½@36¾c; 36¾@37c; 37¼@37½c; 37½@37¾c; 37¾@38c; 38¼@38½c; 38½@38¾c; 38¾@39c; 39¼@39½c; 39½@39¾c; 39¾@40c; 40¼@40½c; 40½@40¾c; 40¾@41c; 41¼@41½c; 41½@41¾c; 41¾@42c; 42¼@42½c; 42½@42¾c; 42¾@43c; 43¼@43½c; 43½@43¾c; 43¾@44c; 44¼@44½c; 44½@44¾c; 44¾@45c; 45¼@45½c; 45½@45¾c; 45¾@46c; 46¼@46½c; 46½@46¾c; 46¾@47c; 47¼@47½c; 47½@47¾c; 47¾@48c; 48¼@48½c; 48½@48¾c; 48¾@49c; 49¼@49½c; 49½@49¾c; 49¾@50c; 50¼@50½c; 50½@50¾c; 50¾@51c; 51¼@51½c; 51½@51¾c; 51¾@52c; 52¼@52½c; 52½@52¾c; 52¾@53c; 53¼@53½c; 53½@53¾c; 53¾@54c; 54¼@54½c; 54½@54¾c; 54¾@55c; 55¼@55½c; 55½@55¾c; 55¾@56c; 56¼@56½c; 56½@56¾c; 56¾@57c; 57¼@57½c; 57½@57¾c; 57¾@58c; 58¼@58½c; 58½@58¾c; 58¾@59c; 59¼@59½c; 59½@59¾c; 59¾@60c; 60¼@60½c; 60½@60¾c; 60¾@61c; 61¼@61½c; 61½@61¾c; 61¾@62c; 62¼@62½c; 62½@62¾c; 62¾@63c; 63¼@63½c; 63½@63¾c; 63¾@64c; 64¼@64½c; 64½@64¾c; 64¾@65c; 65¼@65½c; 65½@65¾c; 65¾@66c; 66¼@66½c; 66½@66¾c; 66¾@67c; 67¼@67½c; 67½@67¾c; 67¾@68c; 68¼@68½c; 68½@68¾c; 68¾@69c; 69¼@69½c; 69½@69¾c; 69¾@70c; 70¼@70½c; 70½@70¾c; 70¾@71c; 71¼@71½c; 71½@71¾c; 71¾@72c; 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